

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2017

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

Issued by the Finance Department

Michael Kumbera Treasurer

Susan Skillman Comptroller

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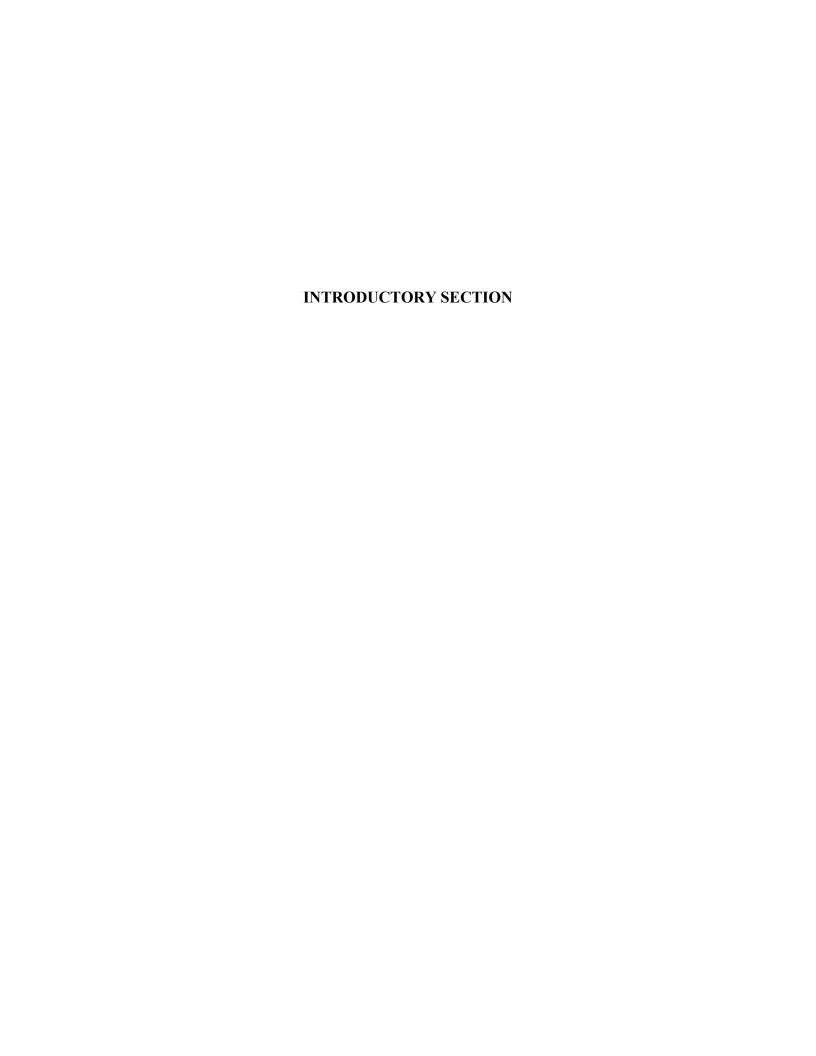
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Village of Algonquin, Illinois Principal Officials

April 30, 2017

Legislative

Village Board of Trustees

John Schmitt, Village President

Laura Brehmer Debby Sosine

Jerry Glogowski John Spella

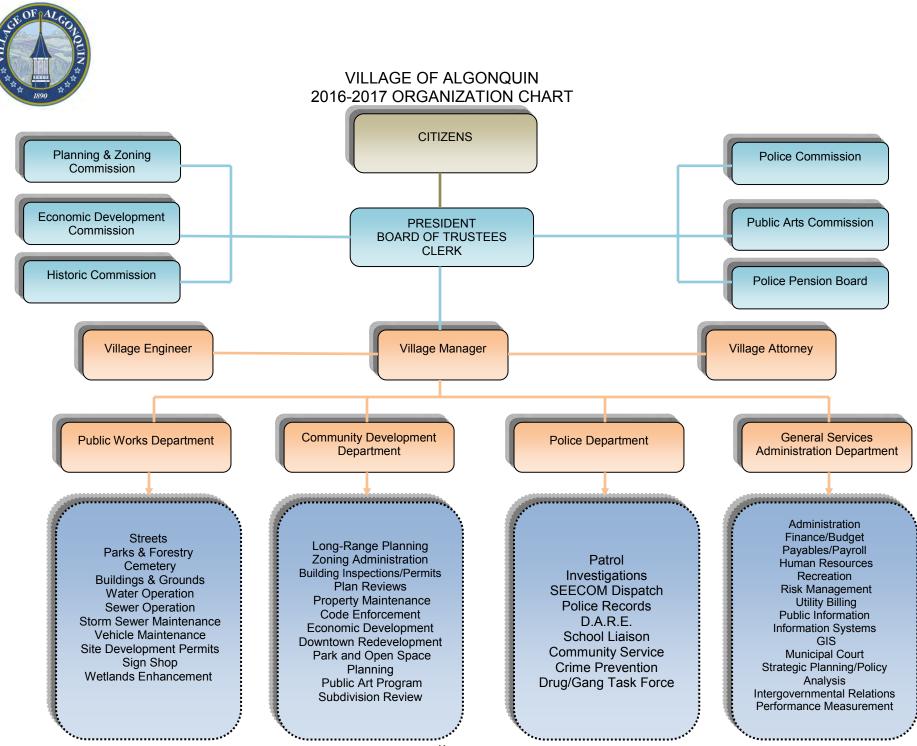
Janis Jasper Jim Steigert

Gerald S. Kautz, Clerk

Appointed Officials

Tim Schloneger, Village Manager

Michael Kumbera, Treasurer





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Village of Algonquin Illinois

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

April 30, 2016

Executive Director/CEO



Village of Algonquin

The Gem of the Fox River Valley

October 4, 2017

The Honorable Village President
Members of the Board of Trustees and Village Manager
Village of Algonquin
Algonquin, Illinois 60102

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Village of Algonquin, Illinois, (the Village) for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017, is hereby submitted as mandated by local ordinances and state statutes. These ordinances and statutes require that the Village issue annually a report on its financial position and activity presented in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS) by an independent firm of certified public accountants.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Village of Algonquin. The Village is responsible for the accuracy and fairness of the presentation of the financial statements and other information as presented herein. The data presented in this report is believed to be accurate in all material respects, and all statements and disclosures necessary for the reader to obtain a thorough understanding of the Village's financial activities have been included. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Village has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the Village of Algonquin's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Village's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable assurance rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Village's financial statements have been audited by Sikich LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Village of Algonquin for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

The independent auditor concluded, based upon their audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Village's financial statements for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Village's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Copies of this financial report are available for review at the Ganek Municipal Center and will also be placed on the Village's web site at www.algonquin.org/transparency for use by the general public.

Profile of the Village of Algonquin

The Village of Algonquin, a home rule community as defined by the Illinois Constitution, was incorporated in 1890 and is located approximately 45 miles northwest of the City of Chicago in McHenry and Kane Counties. Algonquin has a land area of 12 square miles and a population of 30,046 as certified in the 2010 Decennial Census. The Village also has the power by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which is done periodically when deemed appropriate, by the Village Board.

Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the Village Board, which consists of the President and six trustees. The Village Board is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees and hiring the Village Manager. The Village Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Village Board, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the Village, and for appointing the heads of the Village's departments. The Board is elected on a non-partisan basis. Board members are elected to four-year staggered terms with three Board members elected every two years. The President is elected to a four-year term. The President and Village Trustees are elected at large.

The Village is a full service municipal organization providing general government, police and public safety, planning and zoning, building inspection, code enforcement, parks and recreation, special events, street maintenance, storm water management, forestry, water and sanitary sewer utility services. The CAFR also includes the activities of the Algonquin Police Pension Fund, although control of this fund rests with an independent board.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Village's financial planning and control. All departments of the Village are required to submit their budget requests to the Village Manager on or before January 31 of each year. The Village Manager and staff use these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget which will match anticipated revenues. The Village Manager then presents the Manager's Proposed Budget to the Village Board throughout January, February and March of each year. The Village Board is required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than April 30 of each year; the close of the Village's previous fiscal year.

Local Economy

The Village's overall financial condition is strong and stable and current financial policies have provided opportunities for continued investment in programs and services that make Algonquin great. The Village has experienced steady revenue growth in recent years as the national, regional, and local economy improves.

Retail trade, accommodations and food services, health care and social assistance, and manufacturing comprise the major industry sectors in Algonquin. The Village's unemployment rate in 2016 was 5.0 percent which is stable from the 2015 rate of 4.9 percent. Algonquin's unemployment rate compares favorably to the State of Illinois (5.9 percent) and the Chicago metropolitan area (5.8 percent).

Growth continued in the local sales tax base across many categories including food and beverage, furniture, and automotive. General Fund sales tax revenues increased by \$68,643 (or 0.9 percent) to \$7.7 million. Sales tax revenue represented 34 percent of total General Fund revenues for the year.

State-shared income/use tax revenue decreased by \$319,638 (or 8.2 percent) to \$3.57 million compared to the prior year. The 2010 Census counts are used in the distribution formula for state-shared revenues. The state's per capita distribution rate for FY 17 decreased 7.8 percent for the year following an increase of 11.5 percent in FY 16. The statewide economy continues to impact Village finances as evidenced by the state's continued slow distribution of income tax allocations (one month in arrears as of April 2017) which unfavorably impacts our cash position and investment income.

Assessed property values in Algonquin increased 6.5 percent in 2016 to \$852,365,740, which follows a 2.9 percent increase in 2015 and a 3.4 percent decrease in 2014. New construction growth in the residential and commercial sectors helped contribute to an increase in property values. As a home rule unit of government, the Village's tax levy is not subject to the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law (PTELL).

Building permit revenues exceeded budget by \$19,176 due to some larger commercial developments in the village. During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017, 3,050 permits were issued, down slightly from the previous year (3,116).

Overall, operating results in the General Fund were positive, however due to a transfer to the Street Improvement Fund in accordance with the Village's Reserve Policy (see detail under Relevant Financial Policies section), expenditures exceeded revenues by 1.0 percent and expenditures were 4.3 percent less than budget. Economic and state legislative trends are being monitored closely to gauge the potential impact on the Village's financial position. Expenditures are being evaluated and reduced whenever necessary and possible, and privatization and shared services are being considered when a cost savings and consistent level of service can be achieved.

Long-Term Financial Planning

The Village continues to use the Home Rule Sales Tax of 0.75 percent for infrastructure and capital purposes. Those funds, together with existing dedicated revenues, strengthen the Village preference of a "pay as you go" philosophy in financing capital projects. The capital improvement program for street and infrastructure improvements is managed from five funds (Motor Fuel Tax, Street Improvement, Parks Fund, Water & Sewer Improvement and Construction, and Village Expansion). With the exception of bonds issued for the financing of the Wastewater Treatment Plant Expansion (2005) and Public Works Facility (2002), the Village has been able to follow the "pay as you go" financing policy for the past decade. The Village annually abates debt service for the General Obligation Bonds and we expect to do so again this year. Debt service for the existing bonds is being financed via the use of sales tax and home rule sales tax revenues.

The Village invests portions of the surplus cash in local government investment pools as well as fixed income securities as an alternative investment. Investment returns for local government investment pools are correlated to the short-term federal funds rate, which was as 75 to 100 basis points as of April 30, 2017. Investment grade fixed income securities with an average life of less than three years are approved for investment. This includes corporate bonds pursuant to the Village's investment policy. The maturities of investments now range from being immediately accessible (Illinois Funds and IMET Convenience Fund) and up to three years (Fixed Income Investments). Investment income includes market appreciation in the fair value of investments.

The Police Pension Fund is permitted to invest in equities as well as fixed income bonds with longer maturities. Market value yields from these assets for the year ended April 30, 2017, were 9.0 percent.

The Village sponsors a single-employer defined benefit pension plan for its police officers. Each year, an independent actuary engaged by the Village and the pension plan calculates the amount of the annual contribution that the Village must make to the pension plan to ensure that the plan will be able to fully meet its obligations to retired employees on a timely basis. As a matter of policy, the Village fully funds each year's annual required contribution to the pension plan as determined by the actuary. As a result of the Village's conservative funding policy, the Village has succeeded as of April 30, 2017, in funding 63.0 percent of the actuarial accrued liabilities. The actuarial valuation as stated in this report, determined that the net contribution due from the Village is \$1,983,552. The remaining unfunded amount is being systematically funded over 16 years as part of the annual required contribution calculated by the actuary.

The Village also provides pension benefits for its non-public safety employees. These benefits are provided through a statewide plan managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Plan (IMRF). The Village has no obligation in connection with employee benefits offered through this plan beyond its contractual payments to IMRF. Additional information on the Village's pension arrangements can be found in Note 10 in the financial statements.

As of April 30, 2017, the Village had two outstanding debt issues, both of which were general obligation bonds. Outstanding at year end were \$7.66 million for general obligation bonds. Continuing its practice, the Village abated \$1.41 million of the 2016 Tax Levy for debt service. Under current state statutes, the Village has no legal debt limit on general obligation debt.

Relevant Financial Policies

Cash and investments in the General Fund (Operating) at April 30, 2017, is \$13.2 million, which represents 65.9 percent of 2017 general fund operating revenues, exceeding the Village's policy guidelines set by the Village Board. Accordingly, \$1 million was transferred to the Street Improvement Fund in FY 17 to reduce this portion of unassigned fund balance to be more in line with the policy target range. These reserves are vital to ensuring the Village's ability to weather the current national and state economic conditions, address pension funding requirements and maintain services in the event of unanticipated revenue shortfalls.

General Fund Operating Revenues exceeded General Fund Operating Expenditures by \$1.4 million in FY 17. The Fund Balance deficiency of \$215,805 results is due to transfers out pursuant to the Village's Reserve Policy, previously discussed, and is not indicative of any structural budgetary concerns.

Debt outstanding at April 30, 2017, for the two active general obligation bond issues are \$7.66 million. Series 2014A will be retired in 2020 and Series 2013 will be retired in 2025. Pursuant to the Village's Capital Improvement Plan, debt issuance may be considered for certain large-scale expenditures provided policy guidelines are met. Provided the Village's current debt structure, ample capacity exists within the foreseeable future should the Village Board wish to pursue this financing method.

Major Initiatives

The Village staff, following specific goals of the Village Board and the Village Manager, has been involved in a variety of projects throughout the year; projects which reflect the Village's commitment to ensuring that its citizens are provided cost effective and quality services.

The Village implemented a multi-year rate and fee increase in November 2016 to fund water and sewer utility operations and capital improvements for the next five years. The rate and fee study evaluated capital infrastructure needs as identified in the Comprehensive Water Master Plan (2012) and the Wastewater Facility Plan Update (2014). The necessary expenses for repairs, rehabilitation, and expansion of existing water supply, treatment, and storage facilities and wastewater treatment facilities, totaling approximately \$22,800,000, are proposed for FY 16/17 through FY 21/22 with the new rate structure as the implementing mechanism. Water and sewer operations are a true enterprise fund, which require rates and fees to be set a level for full cost recovery for providing the service to the community. Tax revenues are not used to support this operation.

The Village's communication and community engagement efforts were refreshed in FY 17 with the launch of a new Village web site. The new web site features a modern template, conducive to mobile e-commerce, as web traffic from mobile and tablet devices has increased significantly in recent years. Additionally, the new web site will feature a more service-oriented layout rather than an organizational layout to better serve our customers. Data analytics were used in the design of the web site to identify user behavior and expectations which overwhelming supported prioritizing community information and interactive online services. Social media platforms will continue to serve as a means to drive traffic to the Village web site.

At a regional level, stage one construction concluded on the Longmeadow Parkway Bridge Corridor, constructing a new roadway between Randall Road and Boyer/Huntley Road in Algonquin. Stage two construction, which is the final segment within the Village's corporate limits, began in FY 17. This work includes construction between Randall Road and Karen Drive in Algonquin. In its entirety, the Longmeadow Parkway Bridge Corridor project is a four-lane Fox River Bridge crossing and four-lane arterial roadway corridor with a median, approximately 5.6 miles in length, which is designed to alleviate traffic congestion in northern Kane County.

Awards & Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Village of Algonquin for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016. This was the thirteenth year that the Village has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Village published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both generally accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

The Village also received the GFOA's Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for its 2017 budget document. This was the thirteenth year the Village has received this prestigious award. In order to receive this award, a government must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications device.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that the 2017 CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and we are submitting the report to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another award.

In closing, I would like to thank the Village President, Board of Trustees and Village Manager for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Village of Algonquin's finances. The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance team. I would like to express my appreciation especially to Susan Skillman, Comptroller, and Jodie Proschwitz, Senior Accountant, and all other members of the team who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael J. Kumbera

Assistant Village Manager/Treasurer







1415 W. Diehl Road, Suite 400 Naperville, Illinois 60563 Certified Public Accountants & Advisors

Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable President Members of the Board of Trustees Village of Algonquin, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Algonquin, Illinois (the Village) as of and for the year ended April 30, 2017, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Southeast Emergency Communications (SEECOM), which represent 0.22%, 0.26%, and 4.5 % of the assets, net position and revenues of the governmental activities, respectively. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it related to the amounts included for SEECOM, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to

design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Algonquin, Illinois, as of April 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

The Village adopted GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The statement modifies certain disclosures in the notes to financial statements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Sikich LLP
Naperville, Illinois

Naperville, Illinois October 4, 2017

GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Village of Algonquin's (the "Village") management discussion and analysis (MD&A) is designed to (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the Village's financial activity, (3) identify changes in the Village's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges), (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Transmittal Letter (beginning on page vi) and the Village's financial statements (beginning on page 4).

Financial Highlights

- The Village's net position decreased by \$1.8 million (or .7%) from FY16 to \$250.3 million.
- The governmental activities net position increased by \$0.1 million (or 0.1%) from FY16 to \$190.5 million.
- The business type activities net position decreased by \$1.9 million (or 3.2%) from FY16 to \$59.8 million.
- The total revenues of all governmental activity programs decreased by \$0.2 million and expenses increased
- \$2.0 million from FY16.
- The total revenues of business-type activity programs increased by \$0.1 million and expenses decreased \$0.5 million from FY16.
- Total Village expenses increased by \$1.5 million (or 4.2%).
- The Village's combined general fund balance decreased by \$0.6 million from FY16.
- The Village's combined general fund actual revenues were over the budgeted amounts by \$0.2 million and actual expenditures were under the budgeted amounts by \$1.0 million.
- The Village's capital assets decreased by \$1.7 million to \$236.6 million from FY16.

USING THE FINANCIAL SECTION OF THIS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL REPORT

The financial statement's focus is on both the Village as a whole (government-wide) and on the major individual funds. Both perspectives (government-wide and major fund) allow the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison (year-to-year or government-to-government) and enhance the Village's accountability.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (see pages 4-7) are designed to be corporate-like in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns, which add to a total for the Primary Government. The focus of the Statement of Net Position (the "Unrestricted Net Position") is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the Village and its governmental and business-type activities. This statement combines and consolidates the governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

The Statement of Activities (see pages 6-7) is focused on both the gross and net cost of various activities (including governmental and business-type), which are supported by the government's general taxes and other resources. This is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various governmental services and/or subsidy to various business-type activities.

The Governmental Activities reflect the Village's basic services, including public safety, public works, and general government. Shared state sales tax, home rule sales tax, local utility and shared state income taxes finance the majority of these services. The Business-type Activities reflect private sector type operations (Water and Sewer), where the fee for service typically covers all or most of the cost of operation, including depreciation.

Fund Financial Statements

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the Fund Financial Statements presentation more familiar. The focus is on Major Funds, rather than fund types.

The Governmental Major Funds (see pages 8-12) presentation is presented on a sources and uses of liquid resources basis. This is the manner in which the financial plan (the budget) is typically developed. The flow and availability of liquid resources is a clear and appropriate focus of any analysis of a government. Funds are established for various purposes and the Fund Financial Statements allow the demonstration of sources and uses and/or budgeting compliance associated therewith.

The Fund Financial Statements also allow the government to address its Fiduciary Funds (Police Pension, see pages 18 and 19). The Police Pension Fund (a pension trust fund) represents trust responsibilities of the Village. These assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent discretionary assets of the government. Therefore, the assets in this fund are not presented as part of the Government-Wide Financial Statements.

While the Business-type Activities column on the Business-type Fund Financial Statements (see pages 13-17) is the same as the Business-type column on the Government-Wide Financial Statement, the Governmental Major Funds Total column requires a reconciliation. This is because of the different measurement focus (current financial resources versus total economic resources) which is reflected on the page following each statement (see pages 10 and 12). The flow of current financial resources will reflect bond proceeds and interfund transfers as other financial sources as well as capital expenditures and bond principal payments as expenditures. The reconciliation will eliminate these transactions and incorporate the capital assets and long-term obligation (bonds and others) into the Governmental Activities column (in the Government-wide statements).

Infrastructure Assets

Historically, a government's largest group of assets (infrastructure assets – i.e., land, streets, bridges, storm sewers, etc.) have not been reported nor depreciated in governmental financial statements. This statement requires that these assets be valued and reported within the Governmental column of the Government-wide Statements. Additionally, the government must elect to either (1) depreciate these assets over their estimated useful life or (2) develop a system of asset management designed to maintain the service delivery potential to near perpetuity. The Village has chosen to depreciate assets over their useful lives. If a street project is considered maintenance – a recurring cost that does not extend the street's original useful life or expand its capacity – the cost of the project will be expensed. An "overlay" of a street will be considered maintenance whereas a "rebuild" of a street will be capitalized.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

The Village's combined net position decreased by \$1.8 million from FY16 – decreasing from \$252.1 million to \$250.3 million. The following analysis will look at net position and net expenses of the governmental and business-type activities separately. The total net position for the governmental activities increased \$0.1 million from \$190.4 million to \$190.5 million. The business-type activities net position decreased by \$1.9 million from \$61.7 million to \$59.8 million. Table 1 reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position compared to FY16. Table 2 will focus on the changes in net position of the governmental and business-type activities. A detailed analysis of the changes can be found in the section for Current Year Impacts on page MD&A 6.

		Table 1					
	State	ment of Net	Position				
	As of A	April 30, 2017	and 2016				
		(in million	s)				
	Govern	nmental	Busine	ss-Type	Total	Primary	
	Act	ivities		ivities		rnment	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Current and other assets	\$ 40.3	\$ 41.0	\$ 14.3	\$ 13.4	\$ 54.6	\$ 54.4	
Capital assets	183.2	181.7	53.4	56.7	236.6	238.4	
Total assets	223.5	222.7	67.7	70.1	291.2	292.8	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1.9	2.3	0.5	0.5	2.4	2.8	
Long-term liabilities	22.6	24.5	6.8	7.6	29.4	32.1	
Other liabilities	3.1	3.2	1.4	1.3	4.5	4.5	
Total liabilities	25.7	27.7	8.2	8.9	33.9	36.6	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	9.1	6.9	0.2	-	9.3	6.9	
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	181.4	179.2	47.5	49.9	228.9	229.1	
Restricted	6.5	3.1	0.8	0.8	7.3	3.9	
Unrestricted	2.6	8.1	11.5	11.0	14.1	19.1	
Total net position	\$ 190.5	\$ 190.4	\$ 59.8	\$ 61.7	\$ 250.3	\$ 252.1	

Normal Impacts

There are six basic (normal) transactions that will affect the comparability of the Statement of Net Position summary presentation.

Net Results of Activities – which will impact (increase/decrease) current assets and unrestricted net position.

Borrowing for Capital – which will increase current assets and long-term debt.

<u>Spending Borrowed Proceeds on New Capital</u> – which will reduce current assets and increase capital assets. There is a second impact, an increase in net investment in capital assets and an increase in related net debt which will not change the net investment in capital assets.

<u>Spending of Non-borrowed Current Assets on New Capital</u> – which will (a) reduce current assets and increase capital assets and (b) will reduce unrestricted net position and increase net investment in capital assets.

<u>Principal Payment on Debt</u> – which will (a) reduce current assets and reduce long-term debt and (b) reduce unrestricted net position and increase net investment in capital assets.

<u>Reduction of Capital Assets through Depreciation</u> – which will reduce capital assets and net investment in capital assets.

Current Year Impacts

The Village's \$1.8 million decrease of combined net position (which is the Village's bottom line) was the result of the governmental activities net position increasing by \$0.1 million and the business-type activities decreasing by \$1.9 million.

The governmental activities total assets increased by \$0.8 million and the governmental activities total liabilities decreased by \$2.0 million. The total assets increase of \$0.8 million was a result of an increase of \$1.5 million in capital assets and a decrease of \$0.7 million in current and other assets. The increase in capital assets was due to increases of \$4.5 million in construction in progress, \$0.4 million in other improvements, \$0.1 million in vehicles and equipment. This was offset with decreases of \$3.2 million in streets/storm sewers/bridges, and \$0.3 million in buildings. The decrease in current and other assets was due mainly to a decrease of \$1.2 million in cash and investment and a decrease of \$0.1 million for internal balances. This was offset by increases of \$0.1 million in property taxes, \$0.3 million in intergovernmental, grants, and contributions, \$0.1 million in IPBC (insurance pool) receivables, and \$0.1 million in investment in joint venture.

Deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$0.4 million due to decreases of pension items relating to the Police Pension Fund of \$0.3 million and IMRF of \$0.1 million (See Note 10 and 12 in the Notes to Financial Statements for additional information).

The governmental activities total liabilities decreased by \$2.0 million due to a decrease of \$3.1 million in long-term liabilities, which was offset by an increase of \$1.1 million in accounts payable. The long-term liabilities decreased by \$3.1 million due to the reduction of pension liabilities for the Police Pension Fund and IMRF (See Note 10 and 12). This was offset by an increase in other liabilities of \$1.1 million due to an increase in accounts payable.

Deferred inflows of resources increased \$2.2 million due to the addition of pension items for the Police Pension Fund of \$1.7 million and IMRF of \$0.4 million (See Note 10 and 12). Deferred property tax revenue also increased by \$0.1 million.

The net position of the business-type activities decreased by \$1.9 million from \$61.7 million to \$59.8 million. Total assets of the business-type activities decreased by \$2.4 million from \$70.1 to \$67.7 million. The total assets decrease of \$2.4 million was a result of a decrease in capital assets of \$3.3 million and an increase in current and other assets of \$0.9 million. The capital asset decrease of \$3.3 million in the business-type activities occurred mainly as a result of decreases in water and sewer improvements of \$3.0 million, and \$0.4 million in vehicles and equipment. These decreases were offset by an increase of \$0.1 million in construction in progress. The overall decrease was due mainly to capital assets depreciation. The increase in current assets of \$0.9 million was mainly due to an increase of \$1.4 million in cash and investments, \$0.1 million in accounts receivable, and \$0.1 million in internal balances. These were offset by a decrease of \$0.7 million in other receivables. Expenses exceeded revenues during FY17, which resulted in a net deficit of \$1.9 million.

Total liabilities of the business-type activities decreased by \$0.7 million from \$8.9 million to \$8.2 million. The long-term liabilities decreased by \$0.8 million due to the decrease of G.O. Bonds Payable for the wastewater treatment plant expansion. Other liabilities increased \$0.1 million from the previous year.

Changes in Net Position
The following chart compares the revenue and expenses for the current fiscal year.

		Table 2						
		nges in Net I						
For th	e Fiscal Yea	ars Ended Ap		and 2016				
		(in million	s)	1		1		
	Gover	nmental	ss-Type	Total I	Primary			
		ivities		vities		-		
Revenue	2017	2016	2017	2016	Government 2017 2016			
Program Revenues	20	20.0		20.0		20.0		
Charges for Service	\$ 1.5	\$ 1.8	\$ 7.0	\$ 6.9	\$ 8.5	\$ 8.7		
Operating Grants/Contributions	1.1	1.2	-	-	1.1	1.2		
Capital Grants/Contributions	0.4	0.4	-	-	0.4	0.4		
General Revenue								
Property	6.3	5.9	_	-	6.3	5.9		
Other taxes	17.4	17.5	_	-	17.4	17.5		
Other	0.8	0.9	0.1	0.1	0.9	1.0		
Total Revenue	27.5	27.7	7.1	7.0	34.6	34.7		
Expenses								
Governmental Activities								
General Government	5.0	5.5	_	-	5.0	5.5		
Public Safety	9.6	9.5	-	-	9.6	9.5		
Public Works	12.8	10.3	_	-	12.8	10.3		
Interest	-	0.1	-	-	-	0.1		
Business Type	_	-						
Water and Sewer			9.0	9.5	9.0	9.5		
Total Expenses	27.4	25.4	9.0	9.5	36.4	34.9		
Change in Net Position	0.1	2.3	(1.9)	(2.5)	(1.8)	(0.2)		
Net position - beginning	190.4	188.1	61.7	64.2	252.1	252.3		
Net position - ending	\$ 190.5	\$ 190.4	\$ 59.8	\$ 61.7	\$ 250.3	\$ 252.1		

There are eight basic impacts on revenues and expenses as reflected below:

Normal Impacts

Revenues:

Economic Condition – which can reflect a declining, stable or growing economic environment and has a substantial impact on state income, sales, and utility tax revenue as well as public spending habits for building permits, elective user fees and volumes of consumption.

Increase/Decrease in Village Board approved rates – while certain tax rates are set by statute, the Village Board has significant authority to impose and periodically increase/decrease rates (water, wastewater, impact fee, building fees, home rule sales tax, etc.)

Changing Patterns in Intergovernmental and Grant Revenue (both recurring and non-recurring) – certain recurring revenues (state shared revenues, etc.) may experience significant changes periodically while non-recurring (or one-time) grants are less predictable and often distorting in their impact on year-to-year comparisons.

Market Impacts on Investment income – the Village's investment portfolio is managed using a similar average maturity to most governments. Market conditions may cause investment income to fluctuate.

Expenses:

Introduction of New Programs – within the functional expense categories (Public Safety, Public Works, General Government, etc.) individual programs may be added or deleted to meet changing community needs.

Increase in Authorized Personnel - changes in service demand may cause the Village Board to increase/decrease authorized staffing. Staffing costs (salary and related benefits) represent 57.7% of the Village's operating costs.

Salary Increases (annual adjustments and merit) – the ability to attract and retain human and intellectual resources requires the Village to strive to approach a competitive salary range position in the marketplace.

Inflation – while overall inflation appears to be reasonably modest, the Village is a major consumer of certain commodities such as supplies, fuels and parts. Some functions may experience unusual commodity specific increases.

Governmental Activities

Revenue:

Total revenues for Governmental Activities decreased \$0.2 million from \$27.7 million to \$27.5 million. Decreases of \$0.3 million in charges for service, \$0.1 million in operating grants/contributions, \$0.1 million other taxes, and \$0.1 million in other revenue were offset by an increase of \$0.4 million in property taxes. The \$0.3 million decrease in charges for services was due lower collections of park developer fees. Operating grant/contributions decreased as a change was made to record pass-through developer school donation fees as a liability rather than a revenue starting in FY16. Other taxes decreased \$0.1 million due to a \$0.3 million decrease in income tax that was offset by \$0.2 million increases in various other taxes. Miscellaneous revenues decreased by \$0.1 million due to a decrease in insurance claim revenues from the previous year. Property tax revenue increased due to an increase in the property tax levy and EAV in FY16.

The Village has a diversified revenue structure and depends on several key revenue sources to help pay for the services provided. The Village attempts to maintain its property tax level and capture new revenues from growth. Due to recent upturns in the housing market values, **the Village's EAV** increased by approximately 2.8% from levy year 2015 (\$800,571,395) to levy year 2016 (\$852,365,740). **The Village's property tax rat**e was 0.7159 in 2015 and 0.6570 in 2016.

In the general government, state shared income tax decreased 8.2% from FY16 to FY17. There were increases in sales tax revenues of 0.1%, and home rule sales tax revenues of 2.5%. Utility tax revenues had a 2.6% increase from the prior fiscal year after years of decline. Telecommunication tax revenue receipts, which is collected and distributed by the State of Illinois, decreased by 2.6% from FY16 to FY17.

Expenses:

The Village's governmental activities total expenses decreased \$2.0 million for FY17.

The Village's General Government function expenses decreased \$0.5 million from \$5.5 million to \$5.0 million. The General Government expenses decreased mainly due to reduced expenses for regional marketing in the Special Revenue Fund during FY17.

Public Safety expenses increased \$0.1 million from \$9.5 million to \$9.6 million. The Public Safety expenses increased mainly due to increases in personnel costs.

Public Works expenses increased \$2.5 million from \$10.3 million to \$12.8 million. The Public Works expenses increased mainly due to an increase in the Street Improvement Fund infrastructure maintenance expenses for various street improvement projects.

Interest expenses decreased \$0.1 million.

Business-type Activities

Revenue:

Total revenues for Business-type Activities increased \$0.1 million from \$7.0 million to \$7.1 million. There was an increase of \$0.7 million in infrastructure fees, and \$0.1 in water and sewer revenue. This was offset by a decrease of \$0.7 million in connection fees. The \$0.7 million increase in infrastructure fees was due to this new fee going into effect in November 2016 (\$10 per month per water/sewer bill), and an increase of \$.1 million due to a rate increase. Connections fees decreased due to slower development in FY17.

Expenses:

The Village's Business-type Activities total expenses decreased \$0.5 million from \$9.5 million to \$9.0 million. The overall change in expenses was due to a decrease of \$.5 million in operating expenses.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

At April 30, 2017, the governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet on pages 8-9) reported a combined fund balance of \$30.7 million or a decrease of 6.2% from \$32.8 million at the beginning of the year. Of the total fund balance, \$12.9 million is unassigned indicating availability for continuing Village services. The net decrease in the Fund Balance of Governmental Funds of \$2.1 million was due to an increase of \$2.1 million in total liabilities.

The increase of \$0.1 million in total assets consisted of a decrease of \$1.2 million in cash and equivalents. This decrease was offset by increases of \$0.9 million in advance to other funds, and \$0.3 million in intergovernmental, grants, and contributions, and \$0.1 million in property tax receivables. The increase in total liabilities of \$2.1 million was due to increases of \$1.1 million in accounts payable and \$1.0 million in advances from other funds. Deferred inflows of resources increased \$0.1 million due to an increase of \$0.1 million in unavailable property tax revenue.

The general fund total fund balance decreased \$0.6 million from \$17.6 million in FY16 to \$17.0 million in FY17. General fund assets had a net decrease of \$0.5 million due to a decrease of \$0.6 million in cash and investments attributable mainly to a \$1.0 million transfer to the street improvement fund, and a decrease of \$0.1 million in property tax receivable. This was offset by an increase in IPBC (insurance pool) receivable of \$0.1 million. General fund total liabilities increased \$0.2 million due to an increase of \$0.2 million in accounts payable. Deferred inflows of resources decreased \$0.1 million due to a decrease in unavailable property tax revenue from FY16 to FY17.

The street improvement fund total fund balance remained unchanged at \$11.3 million from FY16 to FY17. Assets increased \$0.5 million from FY16 to FY17. This included an increase in advances to other funds of \$0.8 million, and \$0.3 million in intergovernmental, grants, and contributions. These increases were offset by a decrease of \$0.6 million in cash and investments. Street improvement fund total liabilities increased \$0.5 million due to an increase \$0.5 million in accounts payable from FY16 to FY17.

The downtown TIF district fund was a major fund in FY17 and total fund balance decreased \$1.4 million from FY16 to FY17. Assets increased \$0.3 million due to an increase of \$0.1 million in cash and investments and \$0.2 million in property tax receivables. Total liabilities increased \$0.9 million due to an increase of \$0.9 million in advances from other funds. Deferred inflows of resources increased \$0.2 million due to an increase in unavailable property tax revenue from FY16 to FY17.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Below is a table that reflects the budget and the actual revenues and expenditures for the General Fund. More information can be found on the schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual on page 55. Actual spending was \$1.0 million less than the budget, which was due to actual expenses less than budget of \$0.6 million in general government, \$0.1 million in public safety, and \$0.3 million in public works.

The \$0.6 million savings in general government expenses was due to decreases of \$0.2 million in contractual services, \$0.1 million in other charges, \$0.1 million in community development personnel/contractual services, \$0.1 million in regional marketing, and \$0.1 million in public swimming pool contractual services.

The \$0.1 million savings in public safety expenses was due mainly to personnel savings relating to salaries and insurance.

The \$0.1 million savings in public safety expenses was due mainly to personnel savings relating to salaries and insurance.

The \$0.3 million savings in public works was due to savings in personnel, commodities, and contractual services within the streets and parks and forestry divisions. Personnel (salaries) had savings of \$0.1 million, commodities (fuel, park upgrades) had savings of \$0.1 million, and contractual services had savings of \$0.1 million.

	Tal	ble 3					
General F	und Bu	dgetary High	lights				
	(in m	illions)					
General Fund		Budget		Budget	Actual		
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	6.301	\$	6.301	\$	6.271	
Intergovernmental		11.787		11.791		11.692	
Other		1.890		1.890		2.207	
Total	\$	19.978	\$	19.982	\$	20.170	
Expenditures and Transfers							
Expenditures	\$	19.633	\$	19.856	\$	18.833	
Transfers/Other Financing Sources (Uses)		0.610		1.909		1.909	
Total		20.243		21.765		20.742	
Change in Fund Balance	\$	(0.265)	\$	(1.783)	\$	(0.572)	

Capital Assets

At the end of FY17, the Village had a combined total of capital assets of \$236.6 million invested in a broad range of capital assets including land, buildings, vehicles, streets, bridges, storm sewers, water mains and sanitary sewer lines. (See Table 4 below.) This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deletions) of \$1.7 million.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Reconstruction of streets for Highland Avenue for \$1.1 million
- Construction of Surrey Lane Creek and Drainage for \$1.5 million
- Downtown Streetscape Improvements for \$1.0 million
- Harper Drive Bike Path for \$0.6 million
- Woods Creek Reach 2 for \$0.6 million
- Snapper Field Basketball Court for \$0.5 million
- Roof replacement at Public Works Facility for \$0.3 million
- Randall Road Pedestrian Underpass for \$0.1 millions
- Various water and sewer improvements for \$0.2 million

		Tal	ble 4			
		-	ts at Year-En	d		
			preciation			
		(in m	illions)			
	Govern	nmental	Busine	ss-Type	Total	Primary
	Acti	vities	Acti	vities	Gove	rnment
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Land	\$ 94.68	\$ 94.68	\$ 3.64	\$ 3.64	\$ 98.32	\$ 98.32
Construction in Progress	5.76	1.24	0.21	0.07	5.97	1.31
Buildings	10.27	10.59	11.95	12.30	22.22	22.89
Vehicles and Equipment	1.30	1.11	0.37	0.36	1.67	1.47
Improvements other						
than Building	7.49	7.08	-	-	7.49	7.08
Streets/Storm Sewers/						
Bridges	63.72	66.95	-	-	63.72	66.95
Water and Sewer	_	-	37.24	40.29	37.24	40.29
Total	\$ 183.22	\$ 181.65	\$ 53.41	\$ 56.66	\$ 236.63	\$ 238.31

The following reconciliation summarizes the changes in Capital Assets which is presented in detail in Note (4).

(in millions) Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities Tot Beginning Balance \$ 181.65 \$ 56.66 \$ 2 Additions								
Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities Tot		Cha			ets			
Activities Activities Total Beginning Balance \$ 181.65 \$ 56.66 \$ 2 Additions			(in millior	is)				
Beginning Balance \$ 181.65 \$ 56.66 \$ 2 Additions 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.10		Gove	ernmental	Bus	iness-Type			
Additions 1.75 0.10 Depreciable 1.75 0.10 Non-Depreciation - - Construction in Progress 5.74 0.16 Retirements - 0.14 Depreciable (1.38) (0.14) Non-Depreciation - - Construction in Progress (1.22) (0.02) Depreciation - -		Α	Activities		ctivities	Total		
Depreciable 1.75 0.10 Non-Depreciation - - Construction in Progress 5.74 0.16 Retirements (0.14) Depreciable (1.38) (0.14) Non-Depreciation - - Construction in Progress (1.22) (0.02) Depreciation - -	Beginning Balance	\$	181.65	\$	56.66	\$	238.31	
Non-Depreciation - - Construction in Progress 5.74 0.16 Retirements - (0.14) Depreciable (1.38) (0.14) Non-Depreciation - - Construction in Progress (1.22) (0.02) Depreciation - (0.02)	Additions							
Construction in Progress 5.74 0.16 Retirements (0.14) Depreciable (1.38) (0.14) Non-Depreciation - - Construction in Progress (1.22) (0.02) Depreciation (0.02)	Depreciable		1.75		0.10		1.85	
Retirements (0.14) Depreciable (1.38) (0.14) Non-Depreciation - - Construction in Progress (1.22) (0.02) Depreciation (0.02)	Non-Depreciation		-		-		-	
Depreciable (1.38) (0.14) Non-Depreciation - - Construction in Progress (1.22) (0.02) Depreciation (0.02)	Construction in Progress		5.74		0.16		5.90	
Non-Depreciation	Retirements							
Construction in Progress (1.22) (0.02) Depreciation	Depreciable		(1.38)		(0.14)		(1.52)	
Depreciation	Non-Depreciation		-		-		-	
	Construction in Progress		(1.22)		(0.02)		(1.24)	
Retirement (3.32) (3.35)	Depreciation							
	Retirement		(3.32)		(3.35)		(6.67)	
Ending Balance \$ 183.22 \$ 53.41 \$ 2	Ending Balance	\$	183.22	\$	53.41	\$	236.63	

The Governmental Activities net Capital Assets net increase of \$1.6 million was due mainly to increases in construction in progress (\$4.5 million); improvements other than building (\$0.4 million); and vehicles and equipment (\$0.2 million) that were offset with decreases in streets/storm sewers/bridges (\$3.2 million) and buildings (\$0.3 million). Land remained unchanged from the previous year. Street/storm sewers/bridges decrease of \$3.2 million was due to decreases of \$0.9 million for removals and a net decrease of \$2.3 million for depreciation. Decreases in the remaining various accounts were due to normal depreciation expense.

The Business-type Activities net decrease of \$3.3 million in net Capital Assets was due mainly to decreases noted in water and sewer improvements (\$3.0 million), and buildings (\$0.4 million). Land, and vehicles and equipment remained relatively unchanged. Water and sewer improvements recorded a decrease (\$3.0 million), and buildings (\$0.4 million), which was due to normal depreciation expense. These decreases were offset by an increase in construction in progress (\$0.1 million). Decreases in the remaining various accounts were due to normal depreciation expense.

Debt Outstanding

Since the mid-1990's, the Village of Algonquin has followed a "pay-as-you-go" philosophy to funding capital projects. Exceptions to this philosophy had been bonds issued to pay for the construction of the Village Hall (Ganek Municipal Center) in 1995-1996 and the Public Works Facility in 2002-2003. In December 2005, the Village authorized Bond Series 2005A for \$9,000,000 to partially finance the expansion of Phase 6 of the Wastewater Treatment Plant. Bond Series 2013 was issued for \$7,645,000 to refund Series 2005B. Bond Series 2014A was issued for \$2,885,000 to refund Series 2005B. The Village has established the following five funds to accumulate monies over time to systematically construct and/or replace major assets: Motor Fuel Tax, Street Improvement, Parks, Water and Sewer Improvement and Construction, and the Village Expansion. The Village also created a Downtown TIF District Fund to account for activities associated with improvements within the established downtown TIF district. The current Home Rule Sales Tax of 0.75% was allocated as an additional revenue source for capital and infrastructure to assist in the "pay as you go" philosophy. In FY17, 100% of the Home Rule Sales Tax is allocated to the Street Improvement Fund to provide funds for continued street infrastructure maintenance and improvements.

The Village currently has two general obligation bond series. A total of \$7.655 million of general obligation bonds were outstanding at April 30, 2017. The governmental activities have \$1.780 million of general obligation bonds outstanding; business-type activities have \$5.875 million of general obligation bonds outstanding.

The Village, under its home rule authority, does not have a legal debt limit.

Additional information concerning long-term debt can be found in Note (7).

Economic Factors

The Village will continue to rely on sales tax and property taxes until the state economy improves and the state is able to operate a balanced budget without impairing local governments. The Village held the property tax levy steady in recent years and the property tax rate has increased due to the decrease in the Village's EAV. The 2016 tax levy was increased by approximately 1.6% for property tax collections in FY17. The Village did experience the loss of some retail stores and restaurants during the fiscal year; however, several have been replaced with new tenants during FY17. The financial condition of the State government has continued to have a negative effect on the Village of Algonquin during the past few years. Since FY09, state distributions to local government have been late and distributions were one month in arrears at FY17. The FY17 state income and local use tax combined decreased by 8.2% from FY16. This was primarily due to decreases in the income tax per capita of 4.1% and a decrease in the disbursement amount of 6.5%. Current estimates indicate that the 2017 per-capita allocations will remain trending

slightly downward in FY18. The State of Illinois continues to discuss cutting the **local government's share of the state** income tax and possibly freezing property taxes for home rule communities such as the Village of Algonquin.

Construction in the local residential housing market continued to increase during FY17 (from 24 permits in 2016 to 34 in 2017). However, there was a decrease in the number of new permits for commercial construction from five permits in 2016 to two permits in 2017). **The Village's** growth in sales tax revenues, EAV, and property tax receipts continue to increase each year. Sales tax revenues increased by 0.9% from FY16 to FY17. The property tax receipts had a 3.7% increase from FY16 to FY17.

The Village's population decreased to 30,046 with the 2010 Census (down from 30,482 reported in the 2007 Special Census). The Village has been able to budget for stable property tax receipts due its status of a home rule community.

CONTACTING THE VILLAGE'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to demonstrate the Village's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to Michael Kumbera, Assistant Village Manager or Susan Skillman, Comptroller, Village of Algonquin, 2200 Harnish Drive, Algonquin, IL 60102.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

April 30, 2017

	Primary Government							
	G	overnmental	Βι	ısiness-Type				
		Activities	Activities			Total		
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,037,879	\$	8,284,598	\$	23,322,477		
Investments	Ψ	13,119,646	Ψ	4,882,752	Ψ	18,002,398		
Receivables (net, where applicable,		13,117,010		1,002,732		10,002,570		
of allowances for uncollectibles)								
Property taxes		5,991,475		_		5,991,475		
Other taxes		3,601,079		_		3,601,079		
Intergovernmental, grants, and contributions		1,547,244		_		1,547,244		
IPBC		75,051		_		75,051		
Accrued interest		16,225		_		16,225		
Accounts		12,819		929,170		941,989		
Other		261,837		-		261,837		
Internal balances		(132,122)		132,122		-		
Prepaid items		81,683		26,326		108,009		
Inventory		151,049		-		151,049		
Investment in joint venture		489,977		_		489,977		
Capital assets		,				,		
Nondepreciable		100,445,424		3,857,443		104,302,867		
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		82,778,634		49,561,443		132,340,077		
Total assets		223,477,900		67,673,854		291,151,754		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension items - Police Pension Fund		930,848		-		930,848		
Pension items - IMRF		898,392		352,249		1,250,641		
Deferred loss on refunding		31,526		133,376		164,902		
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,860,766		485,625		2,346,391		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		225,338,666		68,159,479		293,498,145		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued)

April 30, 2017

	Primary Government							
	Governmental	Business-Type						
	Activities	Activities	Total					
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$ 2,879,809	\$ 579,957	\$ 3,459,766					
Accrued interest	3,473	14,861	18,334					
Unearned revenue - other	176,636	-	176,636					
Other liabilities	23,966	-	23,966					
Noncurrent liabilities								
Due within one year	1,277,247	770,843	2,048,090					
Due in more than one year	21,371,874	6,808,899	28,180,773					
Total liabilities	25,733,005	8,174,560	33,907,565					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension items - Police Pension Fund	2,674,929	-	2,674,929					
Pension items - IMRF	465,273	182,428	647,701					
Deferred property tax revenue	5,991,475	-	5,991,475					
Total deferred inflows of resources	9,131,677	182,428	9,314,105					
Total liabilities and deferred inflows								
of resources	34,864,682	8,356,988	43,221,670					
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	181,389,998	47,453,693	228,843,691					
Restricted for								
Donor programs	799,823	-	799,823					
Insurance	640,384	-	640,384					
Street maintenance	4,073,217	-	4,073,217					
Capital projects	94,138	-	94,138					
Cemetery	308,059	-	308,059					
Debt service	618,668	808,325	1,426,993					
Unrestricted	2,549,697	11,540,473	14,090,170					
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 190,473,984	\$ 59,802,491	\$ 250,276,475					

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

		Program Revenues						
			Charges		Operating Grants and		Capital Grants and	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	fo	r Services	Co	ntributions	Co	ntributions	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental Activities								
General government	\$ 4,950,693	\$	1,058,488	\$	71,778	\$	11,000	
Public safety	9,649,552		409,390		189,595		-	
Public works	12,779,514		18,103		883,047		383,426	
Debt service - interest and fees	46,848		-		-			
Total governmental activities	27,426,607		1,485,981		1,144,420		394,426	
Business-Type Activities								
Waterworks and sewerage	9,066,657		7,032,664		-			
Total business-type activities	9,066,657		7,032,664		-			
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 36,493,264	\$	8,518,645	\$	1,144,420	\$	394,426	

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position					
	Pr	Primary Government				
	Governmental	Business-Type				
	Activities	Activities	Total			
	\$ (3,809,427)	\$ - \$	(3,809,427)			
	(9,050,567)	-	(9,050,567)			
	(11,494,938)	-	(11,494,938)			
	(46,848)	-	(46,848)			
	(24,401,780)	<u>-</u>	(24,401,780)			
		(2.022.002)	(2.022.002)			
	<u> </u>	(2,033,993)	(2,033,993)			
		(2,033,993)	(2,033,993)			
	(24,401,780)	(2,033,993)	(26,435,773)			
General Revenues						
Taxes						
Property	6,266,415	-	6,266,415			
Home rule sales tax	4,227,205	-	4,227,205			
Utility	923,668	_	923,668			
Telecommunications	708,529	-	708,529			
Hotel	46,005	-	46,005			
Video gaming tax	115,787	-	115,787			
Intergovernmental, unrestricted						
Sales and use tax	7,704,133	-	7,704,133			
Personal property replacement	65,793	-	65,793			
Income tax	3,579,609	_	3,579,609			
Franchise fees	547,683	-	547,683			
Investment income	139,744	55,540	195,284			
Miscellaneous	146,656	70,358	217,014			
Total	24,471,227	125,898	24,597,125			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	69,447	(1,908,095)	(1,838,648)			
NET POSITION, MAY 1	190,404,537	61,710,586	252,115,123			
NET POSITION, APRIL 30	\$ 190,473,984	\$ 59,802,491 \$	250,276,475			

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>General</u>	Street Improvement	Downtown TIF District	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,350,912	\$ 4,998,724	\$ 162,842	\$ 3,525,401	\$ 15,037,879
Investments	7,856,741	4,519,881	-	743,024	13,119,646
Receivables (net, where applicable, of allowances for uncollectibles)					
Property taxes	5,600,000	_	379,975	11,500	5,991,475
Other taxes	2,424,754	1,090,650	-	85,675	3,601,079
Intergovernmental, grants, and contributions	93,286	1,203,173	-	250,785	1,547,244
IPBC	75,051	-	-	-	75,051
Accrued interest	16,225	-	-	-	16,225
Other	261,837	-	-	-	261,837
Due from other funds	101,416	-	-	-	101,416
Advance to other funds	654,390	1,048,388	-	-	1,702,778
Prepaid items	81,514	-	-	169	81,683
Total assets	23,516,126	12,860,816	542,817	4,616,554	41,536,313

BALANCE SHEET (Continued) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		General	In	Street aprovement	Downtown TIF District		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	716,564	\$	1,519,245	\$ -	\$	561,297	\$	2,797,106
Unearned revenue	-	176,636	-	-	-	*	-	-	176,636
Advances from other funds		-		_	1,834,900		_		1,834,900
Other liabilities		23,966		_	-		_		23,966
Other Intollities		23,700							23,700
Total liabilities	-	917,166		1,519,245	1,834,900		561,297		4,832,608
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable property tax revenue		5,600,000		-	379,975		11,500		5,991,475
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,600,000		-	379,975		11,500		5,991,475
Total liabilities and deferred inflows									
of resources		6,517,166		1,519,245	2,214,875		572,797		10,824,083
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable									
Prepaids		81,514		_	_		169		81,683
Advances		654,390		_	_		_		654,390
Restricted		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,							, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Donor programs		799,823		_	_		_		799,823
Insurance		640,384		_	_		_		640,384
Street maintenance		-		2,150,000	_		1,923,217		4,073,217
Capital projects		_		-	_		94,138		94,138
Cemetery		-		-	_		308,059		308,059
Debt service		-		-	_		618,668		618,668
Assigned							Í		
Capital projects		263,236		9,191,571	_		1,099,506		10,554,313
Historic commission		8,235		-	-		-		8,235
Unrestricted		,							,
Unassigned		14,551,378			(1,672,058)		_		12,879,320
Total fund balances		16,998,960		11,341,571	(1,672,058)		4,043,757		30,712,230
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	23,516,126	\$	12,860,816	\$ 542,817	\$	4,616,554	\$	41,536,313

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 30,712,230
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds Less internal service fund capital assets included below	183,090,344
Deferred loss on refunding of debt is not considered to represent a financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds	31,526
Investment in joint venture is not considered to represent a financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds	489,977
The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position	113,463
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes, net difference between projected and actual earnings, and contributions after the measurement date for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are recognized as deferred outflows and inflows or resources on the statement of net position	433,119
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes, and net difference between projected and actual earnings for the Police Pension Fund are recognized as deferred outflows and inflows or resources on the statement of net position	(1,744,081)
Some liabilities reported in the statement of net position do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as in governmental funds	
Accrued interest	(3,473)
Net other postemployment benefit obligation	(423,228)
Compensated absences	(1,062,922)
Unamortized premium	(56,469)
Capital lease	(29,117)
Net pension liability - IMRF Net pension liability - Police Pension Plan	(3,194,352) (16,103,033)
General obligation bonds payable	(10,103,033) $(1,780,000)$
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 190,473,984

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	 General	In	Street aprovement	Downtown IF District	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 6,270,589	\$	5,469,711	\$ 145,281	\$ 402,028	\$	12,287,609
Intergovernmental, grants, and contributions	11,692,486		322,725	-	860,833		12,876,044
Charges for services	327,875		-	-	40,362		368,237
Licenses and permits	612,193		-	-	-		612,193
Fines and forfeits	459,464		-	-	-		459,464
Investment income	144,291		41,890	41	20,497		206,719
Miscellaneous	 663,760		-	-	22,028		685,788
Total revenues	 20,170,658		5,834,326	145,322	1,345,748		27,496,054
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government	4,277,517		-	953,231	33,026		5,263,774
Public safety	9,285,421		-	-	-		9,285,421
Public works	4,498,703		4,623,838	-	1,398,509		10,521,050
Capital outlay	747,059		2,475,646	29,200	606,309		3,858,214
Debt service							
Principal retirement	21,951		-	-	550,000		571,951
Interest and fiscal charges	 3,106		-	-	53,210		56,316
Total expenditures	 18,833,757		7,099,484	982,431	2,641,054		29,556,726
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	 1,336,901		(1,265,158)	(837,109)	(1,295,306))	(2,060,672)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	_		1,299,801	_	610,000		1,909,801
Transfers (out)	 (1,909,801)		-	-	-		(1,909,801)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,909,801)		1,299,801	-	610,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(572,900)		34,643	(837,109)	(685,306))	(2,060,672)
FUND BALANCES, MAY 1	 17,571,860		11,306,928	(834,949)	4,729,063		32,772,902
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$ 16,998,960	\$	11,341,571	\$ (1,672,058)	\$ 4,043,757	\$	30,712,230

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ (2,060,672)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the statement of activities	6,249,709
Sales of capital assets are reported as a proceed in governmental funds but as a gain (loss) from sale on the statement of activities	(520,797)
The repayment of the principal portion long-term debt is reported as an expenditure when due in governmental funds but as a reduction of principal outstanding in the statement of activities Principal on bonds Principal on capital lease	550,000 21,951
The change in the net pension liability for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund and the related deferred inflows and outflows are only reported in the statement of activities	(87,030)
The change in the net pension liability for the Police Pension Fund and the related deferred inflows and outflows are only reported in the statement of activities	82,332
The change in the net position of the internal service funds is reported only in the statement of activities	(17,972)
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds	
Depreciation	(4,176,898)
Change in investment in joint venture	142,466
Change in net other postemployment benefit obligation	(59,277)
Change in compensated absences	(63,833)
Change in accrued interest payable	917
Amortization of bond premium	19,361
Amortization of deferred loss on refunding	 (10,810)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 69,447

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	siness-Type Activities	G	Governmental Activities Internal Service		
	aterworks and Sewerage				
CURRENT ASSETS	 3c werage		Service		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,284,598	\$	-		
Investments	4,074,427		-		
Receivables					
Accounts	929,170		12,819		
Prepaid items	26,326		-		
Inventory	-		151,049		
Restricted assets - investments	 808,325				
Total current assets	 14,122,846		163,868		
NONCURRENT ASSETS					
Advances to other funds	 132,122				
Capital assets					
Nondepreciable	3,857,443		-		
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	 49,561,443		133,714		
Total capital assets	 53,418,886		133,714		
Total noncurrent assets	 53,551,008		133,714		
Total assets	 67,673,854		297,582		
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES					
Pension items - IMRF	352,249		-		
Deferred loss on refunding	 133,376				
Total deferred outflow of resources	 485,625				
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	68,159,479		297,582		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities			Governmental Activities		
	Waterworks and Sewerage			Internal Service		
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	579,957	\$	82,703		
Accrued interest	Ψ	14,861	Ψ	-		
Due to other funds		-		101,416		
Current portion of long-term debt		770,843				
Total current liabilities		1,365,661		184,119		
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES						
Long-term liabilities		6,808,899				
Total long-term liabilities		6,808,899				
Total liabilities		8,174,560		184,119		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension items - IMRF		182,428				
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		8,356,988		184,119		
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		47,453,693		133,714		
Restricted for debt service		808,325		-		
Unrestricted		11,540,473		(20,251)		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	59,802,491	\$	113,463		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type (Activities Waterworks	Governmental Activities Internal Service		
	and Sewerage			
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 6,294,828 \$	-		
Administrative fee	78,246	-		
Infrastructure fee	659,590	-		
Maintenance billings	-	1,613,548		
Fleet maintenance	-	271,221		
Miscellaneous	70,358	535		
Contributions				
Total operating revenues	7,103,022	1,885,304		
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Water operations	2,670,249	_		
Sewer operations	2,566,306	_		
Nondepartmental	157,818	_		
Building services	-	870,312		
Vehicle maintenance	-	1,010,744		
Depreciation	3,486,871	22,220		
Total operating expenses	8,881,244	1,903,276		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(1,778,222)	(17,972)		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment income	55,540	-		
Interest expense and fiscal agent fees	(185,413)			
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(129,873)			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(1,908,095)	(17,972)		
NET POSITION, MAY 1	61,710,586	131,435		
NET POSITION, APRIL 30	\$ 59,802,491 \$	\$ 113,463		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities		
	Waterworks	T / 1		
	and	Internal Service		
	Sewerage	Service		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 7,682,261	\$ 271,221		
Cash received for interfund services provided	-	1,623,564		
Cash paid to suppliers	(2,374,892)	(1,131,422)		
Cash paid to employees	(2,881,951)	(750,091)		
Other receipts (payments)	70,358	535		
Net cash from operating activities	2,495,776	13,807		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Interfund activity	(116,733)	28,665		
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	(116,733)	28,665		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of capital assets	(241,608)	(42,472)		
Interest paid on bonds	(196,625)	-		
Principal paid on general obligation bond maturities	(610,000)	-		
Net cash from capital and related				
financing activities	(1,048,233)	(42,472)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchases of investment securities	(1,841,493)	-		
Sale of investment securities	1,614,879	-		
Interest received	55,540	-		
Net cash from investing activities	(171,074)			
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND				
CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,159,736	-		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, MAY 1	7,124,862			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, APRIL 30	\$ 8,284,598	\$ -		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

		siness-Type Activities	Governmental Activities		
	-			Internal Service	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,778,222)	\$ (17,	972)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income					
(loss) to net cash from operating activities					
Depreciation and amortization		3,486,871	22,	220	
Changes in assets and liabilities					
Accounts receivable		(125,606)	10,	016	
Other receivables		770,375		-	
Prepaid items		(983)		-	
Inventory		-	(5,	796)	
Accounts payable		45,791	5,	339	
Pension related items		100,830		-	
Compensated absences payable		(3,280)			
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	2,495,776	\$ 13,	807	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	Police
	Pension
ASSETS	
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 291,448
Investments	
U.S. Treasury securities	2,474,549
U.S. agency securities	1,968,784
Equity mutual funds	14,150,339
Equities	1,166,712
Illinois funds	238,532
Money market mutual funds	435,832
Municipal bonds	151,569
Corporate bonds	4,684,719
Receivables	
Accrued interest receivable	84,701
Total assets	25,647,185
LIABILITIES	
Deposits	
Total liabilities	
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	\$ 25,647,185

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

ADDITIONS	
Contributions	Ф. 1.027.000
Employer	\$ 1,837,000
Employee	423,716
Total contributions	2,260,716
Investment income	
Net appreciation in fair value	
of investments	1,635,000
Interest	560,864
Total investment income	2,195,864
Less investment expense	(93,997)
Net investment income	2,101,867
Total additions	4,362,583
DEDUCTIONS	
Benefits and refunds	971,371
Administration	40,032
Total deductions	1,011,403
NET INCREASE	3,351,180
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	
May 1	22,296,005
April 30	\$ 25,647,185

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

April 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Village of Algonquin, Illinois (the Village) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)), as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Village's accounting policies are described below.

a. Reporting Entity

The Village is a municipal corporation governed by an elected Village President and six-member Village Board of Trustees. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Village and its component units, legally separate entities for which the Village is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the Village's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. In evaluating how to define the reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was based upon the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the primary government. There are no component units that are required to be included in the Village's basic financial statements.

b. Fund Accounting

The Village uses funds to report on its financial position and the changes in financial position. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain village functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Funds are classified into the following categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the Village's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of restricted or committed monies (special revenue funds), the funds restricted, committed, or assigned for the acquisition or construction of major capital assets (capital projects funds), and the funds restricted, committed, or assigned for the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). The General Fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in another fund

b. Fund Accounting (Continued)

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the government (internal service funds).

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the Village. The Village utilizes a pension trust fund which is used to account for assets that the Village holds in a fiduciary capacity or on behalf of others as their agent.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment, or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund.

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The Downtown TIF District Fund is used to account for the activities associated with improvements within established downtown Tax Increment Financing District.

The Street Improvement Fund is used to account for the construction, improvement, and maintenance of village streets. Financing is provided by developer contributions, utility taxes, telecommunication taxes, and transfers from other funds

The Village reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Waterworks and Sewerage Fund is used to account for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, billing, and collection.

The Village reports on the following internal service funds:

The Vehicle Maintenance Fund is used to account for the fueling, maintenance, and repair of village owned vehicles and equipment. Financing is provided by other funds for this purpose.

The Building Service Fund is used to account for maintenance and repairs of village owned buildings. Financing is provided by other funds for this purpose.

The Village reports a pension trust fund as a fiduciary fund to account for the Police Pension Fund.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues and additions are recorded when earned and expenses and deductions are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e., intended to finance). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Operating revenues and expenses are directly attributable to the operation of the proprietary funds. Non-operating revenue/expenses are incidental to the operations of these funds.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, generally 60 days except for certain revenues collected by the state (e.g., sales and telecom taxes) which use a 90-day period.

The Village recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in the year intended to finance. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as expenditures when due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, utility taxes, franchise fees, licenses, interest revenue, and charges for services. Sales and telecommunication taxes owed to the state at year end on behalf of the Village also are recognized as revenue. Fines and permits revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidelines. Monies that are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure, which are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements, are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria is met.

The Village reports unavailable/deferred revenue and unearned revenue on its financial statements. Unavailable/deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet the measurable and available or earned criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the Village before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the Village has a legal claim to the resources, the deferred inflow for unavailable/deferred revenue or the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

e. Cash and Investments

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Village's proprietary funds consider their equity in pooled cash and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit and other nonparticipating investments are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased and all investments of the pension trust funds are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The Village and Police Pension Fund categorize the fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

f. Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due to/from other funds" on the financial statements. Long-term interfund loans are classified as "advances to/from other funds."

g. Prepaid Items/Expenses and Inventory

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items/expenses. Amounts are recorded as expenditures/expenses using the consumption method.

Inventories are accounted for at cost, using the first-in, first-out method. Inventories are accounted for under the consumption method, whereby acquisitions are recorded in inventory accounts initially and charged as expenditures/expenses when used.

h. Capital Assets

Capital assets which include land, buildings, building improvements, vehicles and equipment, infrastructure, which includes streets, storm sewers, bridges, and the water and sewer system, improvements other than buildings, and intangibles, which include internally generated software, easements and intangibles other than easements, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost ranging from \$25,000 to \$250,000, depending on asset type, and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Property, plant, and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Streets/bridges	40-50
Vehicles and equipment	3-10
Water and sewer system	20-40
Improvements other than buildings	5-50
Other equipment and other intangibles	4-20

i. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave and sick leave that is due to employees who have retired or terminated by the end of the year is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave of proprietary funds and governmental activities is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. The General Fund is typically used to liquidate these liabilities.

j. Fund Balance/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose, externally imposed by outside entities, or as a result of the Village's own enabling legislation. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the Village Board of Trustees, which is considered the Village's highest level of decision-making authority. Formal actions include resolutions and ordinances (equally binding) approved by the Board of Trustees. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the Village's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The Village Board of Trustees has not delegated authority to any other body or official to assign amounts for a specific purpose within the General Fund. Within the other governmental fund types the Board of Trustees assigns resources in accordance with the established fund purpose through the passage of the annual budget/appropriation ordinance. Any residual fund balance of the General Fund and any deficit balances in other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

In the General Fund, the Village considers restricted amounts to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, followed by committed amounts then assigned amounts. Unassigned amounts are used only after the other categories of fund balance have been fully utilized.

In governmental funds other than the General Fund, the Village considers restricted amounts to have been spent last. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Village will first utilize assigned amounts, followed by committed amounts then restricted amounts.

In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net position is legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Net investment in capital assets represents the Village's investment in the book value of capital assets, less any outstanding debt that was issued to construct or acquire the capital asset.

k. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long-term debt, and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or business-type activities columns, or proprietary fund financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as gains and losses on refundings, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discounts. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

k. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

1. Interfund Transactions

Interfund service transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except interfund service transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

m. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

n. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Permitted Deposits and Investments - Illinois statutes and the Village's investment policy authorizes the Village to make deposits/invest in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, interest-bearing bonds of the State of Illinois or any county, township or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States Government or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and Illinois Funds (a money market fund created by the State of Illinois under the State Treasurer that maintains a \$1 per share value).

Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the State of Illinois, Office of the Treasurer, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at Illinois Funds' share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

a. Village Deposits and Investments

It is the policy of the Village to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the Village and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, safety, liquidity, and yield.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. It is the policy of the Village to require that funds on deposit in excess of FDIC limits be secured by some form of collateral. The amount of collateral provided will not be less than 105% of the fair market value of the net amount of public funds secured. Pledged collateral will be held in safekeeping by an independent third party depository designated by the Village and evidenced by a safekeeping agreement. As of April 30, 2017, the Village was not exposed to custodial credit risk as all deposits were either insured or collateralized with investments held by the Village or its agent, in the Village's name.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

a. Village Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments

The following table presents the investments and maturities of the Village's debt securities as of April 30, 2017:

					In	vestment Mat	uriti	es (in Years)	
Investment Type	I	Fair Value	Le	ess than 1		1-5		6-10	Gre	eater than 10
U.S. Treasury securities U.S. agency securities Municipal bonds Negotiable certificates	\$	120,136 2,066,063 257,746	\$	89,925 285,224 46,035	\$	30,211 979,141 211,711	\$	- 429,277 -	\$	372,421
of deposit		1,612,113		283,252		1,328,861		-		-
TOTAL	\$	4,056,058	\$	704,436	\$	2,549,924	\$	429,277	\$	372,421

The Village has the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2017. The U.S. agency securities, U.S. Treasury securities, municipal bonds, and negotiable CDs are valued using quoted matrix pricing models (Level 2 inputs). The IMET 1 to 3 Year fund, a mutual fund, is measured based on the net asset value of the shares in IMET, which is based on the fair value of the underlying investments in the mutual fund (Level 3 input).

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the Village limits its exposure to interest rate risk by matching its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the Village does not directly invest in securities maturing more than two years from the date of purchase. Reserved funds and other funds with longer term investment horizons may be invested in securities exceeding two years if the maturities of such investments are made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of funds.

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity. The Village limits its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to the types of securities listed above and diversifying the investment portfolio to the best of its abilities based on the type of funds invested and the cash flow needs of those funds. Illinois Funds and Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET) are rated AAA. The Village's U.S. agency securities have ratings from AA+ to AAA. The Village's Municipal Bonds have ratings from AA to AA-. The negotiable certificates of deposit are not rated.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

a. Village Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the Village's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held by an independent third party custodian and evidenced by safekeeping receipts and a written custodial agreement. Illinois Funds and IMET are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the Village has a high percentage of its investments invested in one type of investment. The Village's investment policy requires diversification of investments to avoid unreasonable risk. The investments shall be diversified by type of investment, number of institutions invested in, and length of maturity.

3. RECEIVABLES - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for the 2016 levy year attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2016, on property value assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December 31 of the subsequent fiscal year end by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance. Tax bills are prepared by the County and issued on or about May 1, 2017 and August 1, 2017, and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1, 2017 and September 1, 2017. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The allowance for uncollectible taxes has been stated at 1% to 2% of the tax levy, to reflect actual collection experience. The 2016 taxes are intended to finance the 2018 fiscal year and are not considered available for current operations and are, therefore, shown as unavailable/deferred revenue. The 2017 tax levy has not been recorded as a receivable at April 30, 2017, as the tax attached as a lien on property as of January 1, 2017; however, the tax will not be levied until December 2017 and, accordingly, is not measurable at April 30, 2017.

4. **CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2017 was as follows:

		Beginning Balances		Increases	1	Decreases		Ending Balances
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	94,685,873	\$	_	\$	_	\$	94,685,873
Construction in progress		1,238,916		5,741,495		1,220,860		5,759,551
Total capital assets not being depreciated		95,924,789		5,741,495		1,220,860		100,445,424
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings		15,976,573		-		-		15,976,573
Improvements other than buildings		15,822,693		1,220,860		-		17,043,553
Vehicles and equipment		6,512,332		528,464		440,812		6,599,984
Streets/storm sewers/bridges		111,225,871				942,846		110,283,025
Total capital assets being depreciated		149,537,469		1,749,324		1,383,658		149,903,135
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Buildings		5,390,131		319,008		-		5,709,139
Improvements other than buildings		8,747,560		807,408		-		9,554,968
Vehicles and equipment		5,399,751		333,108		437,332		5,295,527
Streets/storm sewers/bridges		44,273,022		2,717,374		425,529		46,564,867
Total accumulated depreciation		63,810,464		4,176,898		862,861		67,124,501
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		85,727,005		(2,427,574)		520,797		82,778,634
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$	181,651,794	\$	3,313,921	\$	1,741,657	\$	183,224,058
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	3,644,048	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,644,048
Construction in progress	•	72,094	•	159,259	-	17,958	•	213,395
Total capital assets not being depreciated		3,716,142		159,259		17,958		3,857,443
Capital assets being depreciated Water and sewer system		92,710,861						92,710,861
Buildings		17,403,306		-		_		17,403,306
Vehicles and equipment		1,361,219		100,307		135,077		1,326,449
Total capital assets being depreciated		111,475,386		100,307		135,077		111,440,616
Tomi suprim assess semig depresented		111,170,000		100,507		150,077		111,110,010
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Water and sewer system		52,417,163		3,051,171		-		55,468,334
Buildings		5,107,973		348,066		-		5,456,039
Vehicles and equipment		1,002,243		87,634		135,077		954,800
Total accumulated depreciation		58,527,379		3,486,871		135,077		61,879,173
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		52,948,007	((3,386,564)		-		49,561,443
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$	56,664,149	\$	(3,227,305)	\$	17,958	\$	53,418,886

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
General government	\$ 245,595
Public safety	65,737
Highways and streets	3,865,566

TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 4,176,898

5. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors; and omissions. The Village participates in the McHenry County Municipal Risk Management Association (MCMRMA).

The Village pays annual premiums to MCMRMA for its workers' compensation, general liability, public official's liability claims, and property coverage. The cooperative agreement provides that MCMRMA will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$150,000 per occurrence for workers' compensation and \$100,000 per occurrence for general liability and property. One representative from each member serves on the MCMRMA board, and each board member has one vote on the board. None of its members have any direct equity interest in MCMRMA.

The Village participates in the Intergovernmental Personnel Benefit Cooperative.

Intergovernmental Personnel Benefit Cooperative (IPBC) is a public entity risk pool established by certain units of local government in Illinois to administer some or all of the personnel benefit programs (primarily medical and life insurance coverage) offered by these members to their officers and employees and to the officers and employees of certain governmental, quasigovernmental, and nonprofit public service entities. IPBC receives, processes, and pays such claims as may come within the benefit program of each member. Management consists of a Board of Directors comprised of one appointed representative, along with an alternate, from each member. In addition, there are two officers; a chairperson and a Treasurer. The Village does not exercise any control over the activities of IPBC beyond its representation on the Board of Directors.

Complete financial statement, the latest available dated June 30, 2016, may be obtained directly from IPBC's administrative offices at 800 Roosevelt Road, Building C, Suite 312, Glen Ellyn, Illinois 60137.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The Village has not had significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year nor did settlements exceed insurance coverage in any of the last three years.

6. JOINT VENTURE

The Village is a founding member of Southeast Emergency Communication. (SEECOM). SEECOM is a municipal corporation and public body politic and corporate established pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Illinois and the Intergovernmental Cooperation Act of the State of Illinois, as amended (the Act). SEECOM is a cooperative joint venture organized for the purpose of providing the equipment, services, and other items necessary and appropriate for the establishment, operation, and maintenance of a joint public safety communications system for the mutual benefit of the members of SEECOM. The founding members of SEECOM consist of the Village of Algonquin, Illinois, the City of Crystal Lake, Illinois, and the Village of Cary, Illinois.

SEECOM is governed by an executive board established with three voting members consisting of the Village Manager/Village Administrator/City Manager, or their respective staff designees, from the three founding communities. Each member of the Executive Board is entitled to one vote. Two nonvoting members also consist of one member from the Fire Services Advisory Board and one member from the Law Enforcement Advisory Board. These nonvoting members represent other member communities.

Each of SEECOM's three members paid an initial entry fee as determined and agreed to by SEECOM's Executive Board and the three members. Each member also pays a portion of the initial capital cost financed by the issuance of a bond. Each member's portion of the initial capital costs are based on the actual capital cost multiplied by the member's proportionate share of the number of calls for service from the preceding year. Each member pays a percentage of the operating costs of SEECOM as determined by the total operational costs less contracted services by each member's proportional share of the calls for service handled by SEECOM. Calls for service are one year in arrears.

All property, real and personal, acquired by SEECOM are owned in common by the members under the intergovernmental agreement. Each of the three members under the intergovernmental agreement are liable for the debts and liabilities of SEECOM. The intergovernmental agreement establishing SEECOM is in effect for a period of 15 years from the effective date of June 2003. Thereafter, it is automatically renewed with no affirmative action by the three members for successive five-year periods commencing May 1 until notice of termination is given. Any terminating member shall remain liable for their share of the capital expenditures incurred prior to the effective date of their termination. Upon termination by any member, SEECOM shall reimburse the terminated member for its share of the undepreciated value of SEECOM's capital assets.

6. **JOINT VENTURE (Continued)**

SEECOM financial statements can be obtained at SEECOM's office located at 100 West Woodstock Street, Crystal Lake, IL 60014.

The Village reports its activities in SEECOM as a governmental joint venture. In accordance with the joint venture agreement, the Village remitted \$579,551 to SEECOM during fiscal year 2017. In addition, the Village's equity interest in the joint venture's net position of \$489,977 is recorded within the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

a. General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Village and are payable from both governmental activities/funds and business-type activities. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Balances May 1	Issuances	Retirements	Balances April 30	Current Portion
\$2,885,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond Series 2014A, due in annual installments of \$10,000 to \$615,000, plus interest	Retired by	May 1	issuances	Retilements	Арш 30	TOTTION
of 2.0% to 2.5% payable each April 1 and October 1 through April 1, 2020.	Debt Service	\$ 2,330,000	\$ -	\$ 550,000	\$ 1,780,000	\$ 565,000
\$7,645,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond Series 2013, due in annual installments of \$570,000 to \$830,000, plus interest of 3.00% to 3.25% payable each April 1 and October 1 through April 1, 2025.	Waterworks and Sewerage	6,485,000		610,000	5,875,000	630,000
	Sewerage	0,463,000		010,000	3,873,000	030,000
TOTAL GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS		\$ 8,815,000	\$ -	\$ 1,160,000	\$ 7,655,000	\$ 1,195,000

7. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

b. Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal	Governmen General Obli			Business-Type Activities General Obligation Bonds				
Year	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2018	\$ 565,000	\$	41,675	\$	630,000	\$	178,325	
2019	600,000		30,375		665,000		159,425	
2020	615,000		15,375		695,000		139,475	
2021	-		_		715,000		118,625	
2022	-		-		755,000		97,175	
2023	-		-		770,000		74,525	
2024	-		-		815,000		51,425	
2025	 		-		830,000		26,975	
TOTAL	\$ 1,780,000	\$	87,425	\$	5,875,000	\$	845,950	

c. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

During the fiscal year the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities for governmental activities:

	Balances May 1	Issuances	Retirements	Balances April 30	Current Portion
	A 2220 000	Φ.	¢ 550,000	¢ 1.700.000	Φ 565,000
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 2,330,000	\$ -	\$ 550,000	\$ 1,780,000	\$ 565,000
Unamortized premium	75,830	-	19,361	56,469	-
Capital lease	51,068	-	21,951	29,117	23,138
Compensated absences*	999,090	1,466,619	1,402,787	1,062,922	689,109
Net pension liability (IMRF)*	3,638,054	-	443,702	3,194,352	-
Net pension liability					
(Police Pension)*	18,249,893	-	2,146,860	16,103,033	-
Net OPEB obligation*	363,951	59,277	-	423,228	
	·		·		
TOTAL	\$ 25,707,886	\$ 1,525,896	\$ 4,584,661	\$ 22,649,121	\$ 1,277,247

^{*}These liabilities are generally retired by the General Fund.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

c. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

During the fiscal year the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities for business-type activities (retired by the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund):

	 Balances May 1	I	ssuances	R	etirements	Balances April 30	Current Portion
General obligation bonds							
payable	\$ 6,485,000	\$	-	\$	610,000	\$ 5,875,000	\$ 630,000
Unamortized premium	248,642		-		25,073	223,569	-
Compensated absences payable	231,986		290,171		293,451	228,706	140,843
Net pension liability (IMRF)	1,335,688		-		83,221	1,252,467	
TOTAL	\$ 8,301,316	\$	290,171	\$	1,011,745	\$ 7,579,742	\$ 770,843

d. Capital Lease

The Village entered into a lease agreement as lessee to finance the purchase of technology equipment. The lease is due in installments through its maturity on July 14, 2018 at an annual rate of 5.277%. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The future minimum lease obligations and net present value of the minimum lease payments as of April 30, 2017 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Future Obligatio	
2018 2019	\$ 24,1 6,0	
Subtotal Less interest	30,1 (1,0	
PRESENT VALUE OF MINIMUM LEASE PAYMENTS	\$ 29,1	<u>17</u>

8. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

Individual fund amounts due to other funds were as follows:

Fund	Ε	Oue from	Due to		
General Internal Service Funds	\$	101,416	\$ - 101,416		
TOTAL	\$	101,416	\$ 101,416		

The purposes of significant interfund balances are as follows:

• The balances between the General Fund and the Internal Service Funds was for short-term interfund loans.

Individual fund advances were as follows:

Fund	Advances from Advances to
General Street Improvement Fund Nonmajor Governmental Water and Sewer	\$ 654,390 \$ - 1,048,388 - - 1,834,900 132,122 -
TOTAL	\$ 1,834,900 \$ 1,834,900

The purposes of significant advances are as follows:

• The advance from the General Fund, Street Improvement Fund, and Water/Sewer Improvement Fund to the Downtown TIF District Fund were made for TIF advances for expenses of the TIF District.

Individual fund transfers were as follows:

Fund	Transfers II	ı T	Transfers Out
General Debt Service Street Improvement	\$ 610,0 1,299,8		1,909,801
TOTAL	\$ 1,909,8	01 \$	1,909,801

The purposes of significant transfers are as follows:

- The General Fund transferred monies to the Debt Service Fund for upcoming debt service payments made out of that fund.
- The General Fund transferred monies to the Street Improvement Fund for future street improvements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

a. Litigation

The Village is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Village's attorneys, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Village.

b. Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Village expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Village contributes to two defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system, and the Police Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions for all the plans are governed by Illinois Compiled Statues (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. The Police Pension Plan does not issue a separate report on the pension plan. IMRF, however, issues a publicly available report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not for individual employers. That report can be obtained from their website at www.imrf.org.

a. Plan Descriptions

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Administration

All employees (other than those covered by the Police Pension Plan) hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members.

The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Plan Membership

At December 31, 2016, IMRF membership consisted of:

Inactive employees or their beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	41
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	53
Active employees	94
TOTAL	188

Benefits Provided

All employees (other than those covered by the Police Pension Plan) hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. For Tier 1 employees, pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at age 55 (reduced benefits) or after age 60 (full benefits) with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (reduced benefits) or after age 67 (full benefits) with ten years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions are established by state statute.

Contributions

Participating members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual salary to IMRF. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund IMRF as specified by statute. The employer contribution for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2017 was 11.52% of covered payroll.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

Asset valuation method

The Village's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of the same date using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2016
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age Normal
Assumptions Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.75% to 14.50%
Interest rate	7.50%
Cost of living adjustments	3.00%

For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Market value

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the Village contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the IMRF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	(a)	(b)	
	Total	Plan	(a) - (b)
	Pension	Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
BALANCES AT			
JANUARY 1, 2016	\$ 26,092,665	\$ 21,118,923	\$ 4,973,742
Changes for the period			
Changes for the period	727.226		727.226
Service cost	727,336	-	727,336
Interest	1,956,191	-	1,956,191
Difference between expected			
and actual experience	(547,368)	-	(547,368)
Changes in assumptions	(82,880)	-	(82,880)
Employer contributions	-	745,680	(745,680)
Employee contributions	-	295,560	(295,560)
Net investment income	-	1,484,262	(1,484,262)
Benefit payments and refunds	(608,099)	(608,099)	-
Administrative expense		54,700	(54,700)
Net changes	1,445,180	1,972,103	(526,923)
DATANGES AS			
BALANCES AT			
DECEMBER 31, 2016	\$ 27,537,845	\$ 23,091,026	\$ 4,446,819

Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made since the prior measurement date.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Village recognized pension expense of \$105,528.

At April 30, 2017, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF from the following sources:

	Deferred Deferred Outflows of Inflows of Resources Resources		flows of
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption	\$ - 28,597	\$	577,534 70,167
Contributions made between January 1, 2017 and April 30, 2017	247,313		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	974,731		
TOTAL	\$ 1,250,641	\$	647,701

\$247,313 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to Village contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability in the reporting year ending April 30, 2018. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending April 30,	
2018	\$ 202,721
2019	202,721
2020	202,720
2021	(90,735)
2021	(90,733)
2022	(111,596)
Thereafter	(50,204)
TOTAL	\$ 355,627

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability of the Village calculated using the discount rate of 7.5% as well as what the Village's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

		Current						
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1	% Increase		
		(6.5%)		(7.5%)		(8.5%)		
Net pension liability	\$	8,978,918	\$	4,446,819	\$	820,870		

Police Pension Plan

Plan Administration

Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the Police Pension Plan as a Pension Trust Fund.

The plan is governed by a five-member Board of Trustees. Two members of the Board of Trustees are appointed by the Village's Mayor, one member is elected by pension beneficiaries, and two members are elected by active police employees.

The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

<u>Police Pension Plan</u> (Continued)

Plan Membership

At April 30, 2017, the measurement date, the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	16
Inactive plan members entitled to but not	
yet receiving benefits	1
Active plan members	46
TOTAL	63

Benefits Provided

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits through two tiers of benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with ten or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officers' salary for pension purposes is capped at \$117,213, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

<u>Police Pension Plan</u> (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., ½% for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3% or ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

Contributions

Employees are required by ILCS to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2011, the Village has until the year 2040 to fund 90% of the past service cost for the Police Pension Plan. However, the Village has elected to fund 100% of the past service cost. For the year ended April 30, 2017, the Village's contribution was 43.20% of covered payroll.

Investment Policy

In accordance with the Police Pension Fund's (the Fund) investment policy, the Fund may invest in all investments allowed by ILCS. These include deposits/investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, interest-bearing obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, interest-bearing bonds of the State of Illinois or any county, township, or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois, direct obligations of the State of Illinois, money market mutual funds whose investments consist of obligations of the U.S. Treasury or U.S. agencies, separate accounts managed by life insurance companies, mutual funds, common and preferred stock, and Illinois Funds (created by the Illinois State Legislature under the control of the State Comptroller that maintains a \$1 per share value which is equal to the participants fair value).

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

<u>Police Pension Plan</u> (Continued)

Investment Policy (Continued)

It is the policy of the Fund to invest its funds in a manner which will provide a competitive investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the Fund and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy are: safety of principal, return on investment, legality, and meeting all funding requirements. The investment policy was not modified during the year ended April 30, 2017.

The Fund's investment policy in accordance with ILCS establishes the following target allocation across asset classes:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return*
Fixed income	35%	1.0% to 2.7%
Equities and Alternatives	65%	3.4 % to 9.9%

^{*}Net of inflation assumption of 2.3%.

ILCS limits the Fund's investments in equities to 65%. Securities in any one company should not exceed 5% of the total fund.

Investment Valuations

All investments except for non-negotiable certificates of deposit and money market mutual funds in the plan are stated at fair value and are recorded as of the trade date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Illinois Funds, an investment pool created by the state legislature under the control of the State Treasurer, is a money market mutual fund that maintains a \$1 per share value.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Investment Rate of Return

For the year ended April 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 9.37%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Fund's deposits may not be returned to it.

At April 30, 2017, all of the Fund's bank balances were collateralized in accordance with their investment policy.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the Fund limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for all reasonably anticipated operating requirements while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market.

The following table presents the investments and maturities of the Fund's debt securities and money market mutual funds as of April 30, 2017:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)								
Investment Type	1	Fair Value	Le	ess than 1		1-5		6-10	Gre	eater than 10
U.S. Treasury obligations U.S. agency obligations Corporate bonds State and local obligations	\$	2,474,549 1,968,784 4,684,719 151,569	\$	356,140 304,920 158,880 14,993	\$	542,462 297,671 2,582,501 100,922	\$	833,832 409,344 1,408,849 35,654	\$	742,115 956,849 534,489
TOTAL	\$	9,279,621	\$	834,933	\$	3,523,556	\$	2,687,679	\$	2,233,453

The Fund has the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2017.

The U.S. Treasury obligations, equity mutual funds, and equity securities are valued using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1 inputs). The U.S. agency obligations, state and local obligations, and corporate bonds are valued using quoted matrix pricing models (Level 2 inputs).

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

<u>Police Pension Plan</u> (Continued)

Credit Risk

The Fund limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by primarily investing in U.S. Treasury and U.S. agency obligations and other obligations which are rated in the top three classes by a national rating agency. The U.S. agency obligations are rated AAA by Moody's and AA+ by Standard and Poor's. The corporate bonds range in rating from AAA to BBB- and AAA-BAA3 by Standard and Poor's and Moody's, respectively. The state and local obligations range in rating from AAA-AA2 by Standard and Poor's. Illinois Funds and IMET are rated AAA.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the Fund has a high percentage of their investments invested in one type of investment. The Fund's investment policy requires diversification of investments to avoid unreasonable risk. There are no significant investments (other than United States Government guaranteed obligations and mutual funds) in any one organization that represent 5% or more of the Fund's investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the Fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the Fund requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis. Securities are required to be held by a third party custodian or qualified broker/dealer as defined by 40 ILCS 5/81-113.7 (A). The money market mutual funds and equity mutual funds are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The Fund's funding policy is to have the Fund reach a funded ratio of 100% by April 30, 2040. Therefore, the Police Pension Plan's projected fiduciary net position can be expected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the Police Pension Plan's investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits payments to determine the total pension liability.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	(a)	(b)	
	Total	Plan	(a) - (b)
	Pension	Fiduciary	Net Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
BALANCES AT MAY 1, 2016	\$ 40,545,898	\$ 22,296,005	\$ 18,249,893
Changes for the period			
Service cost	1,038,677	-	1,038,677
Interest	2,704,064	-	2,704,064
Difference between expected			
and actual experience	(328,182)	-	(328,182)
Changes in assumptions	(1,238,868)	-	(1,238,868)
Employer contributions	<u>-</u>	1,837,000	(1,837,000)
Employee contributions	-	423,716	(423,716)
Net investment income	-	2,101,867	(2,101,867)
Benefit payments and refunds	(971,371)	(971,371)	-
Administrative expense		(40,032)	40,032
Net changes	1,204,320	3,351,180	(2,146,860)
BALANCES AT APRIL 31, 2017	\$ 41,750,218	\$ 25,647,185	\$ 16,103,033

There was a change with respect to actuarial assumptions from the prior year to update the mortality assumption to include mortality improvements as stated in the most recently released MP-2016 table. In addition, the rates are being applied on a fully-generational basis.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability above was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of April 30, 2017 using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuation date	April 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal
Assumptions Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	4.00% to 21.51%
Interest rate	6.75%
Postretirement benefit increases	3.00%
Asset valuation method	Market

Mortality rates were based on the L&A 2016 Illinois Police Mortality Rates.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability of the Village calculated using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the Village's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.75%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Current					
	1% Decrease (5.75%)			Discount Rate (6.75%)		1% Increase (7.75%)	
		(3.7370)		(0.7370)		(1.13/0)	
Net pension liability	\$	23,978,262	\$	16,103,033	\$	9,893,005	

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

a. Plan Descriptions (Continued)

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended April 30, 2017, the Village recognized police pension expense of \$1,754,668. At April 30, 2017, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the police pension from the following sources:

	Ou	Deferred atflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumption			\$	518,454 1,712,615	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		930,848		443,860	
TOTAL	\$	930,848	\$	2,674,929	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the police pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending April 30,	
2018	\$ (57,347)
2019	(57,347)
2020	(57,347)
2021	(367,630)
2022	(256,665)
Thereafter	(947,745)
TOTAL	\$ (1,744,081)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

a. Plan Description

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the Village provides postemployment health care (OPEB) benefits for retirees and disabled employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan (the Plan). The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and any employer contributions are governed by the Village and can be amended by the Village through its personnel manual and union contracts. The Plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the Plan. The Plan does not issue a separate report. The activity of the Plan is reported in the Village's General Fund.

b. Benefits Provided

With the exception of funding HMO medical health care for police officers who retired due to a duty related disability, retired village employees are required to fully fund the premium for the health care policy. The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents. The benefits, benefit levels, and employer contributions are governed by the Village Board of Trustees and can only be amended by the Village Board of Trustees. The Plan is not accounted for as a trust fund and an irrevocable trust has not been established.

All health care benefits are provided through the Village's insured health plan. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services; mental, nervous, and substance abuse care; vision care; dental care; and prescriptions. Eligibility in village-sponsored health care plans is discontinued upon eligibility for federally sponsored health care benefits.

c. Membership

At April 30, 2017 (census date), membership consisted of:

Actives fully eligible to retire Actives not yet fully eligible to retire Retirees	16 118 11
TOTAL	145
Participating employers	1

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

d. Funding Policy

All retirees contribute 100% of the premium to the Plan to cover the cost of providing the benefits to the retirees via the health insurance plan (pay as you go), which results in an implicit subsidy to the Village as defined by GASB Statement No. 45. The Village pays 100% of the premium for certain disabled employees. The Village is not required to and currently does not advance fund the cost of benefits that will become due and payable in the future. Active employees do not contribute to the Plan until retirement.

e. Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation

The Village's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation was as follows:

EB
ion
3,228
3,951
),941
io 3,2

The net OPEB obligation (NOPEBO) as of April 30, 2017 was calculated as follows:

Annual required contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$ 127,551 16,378 (21,381)
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	122,548 63,271
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	59,277 363,951
NET OPEB OBLIGATION, END OF YEAR	\$ 423,228

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

f. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan as of April 30, 2016 was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 1,453,154
Actuarial value of plan assets	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	1,453,154
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 10,518,859
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	13.81%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to financial statements, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

g. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the April 30, 2016 actuarial valuation, the entry-age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and an initial and ultimate annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6.0% to 7.5% and 5.0%, respectively. These rates include a 3% inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets was not determined as the Village has not advance funded its obligation. The Plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis over 30 years.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Original	Final	
	Budget	Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$ 6,301,000	\$ 6,301,000	\$ 6,270,589
Intergovernmental, grants, and contributions	11,787,500	11,791,280	11,692,486
Charges for services	292,400	292,400	327,875
Licenses and permits	565,000	565,000	612,193
Fines and forfeits	371,000	371,000	459,464
Investment income	88,500	88,500	144,291
Miscellaneous	573,600	573,600	663,760
		,	,
Total revenues	19,979,000	19,982,780	20,170,658
EXPENDITURES			
Current			
General government	4,826,390	4,851,167	4,277,517
Public safety	9,514,200	9,389,680	9,285,421
Public works	4,720,000	4,780,105	4,498,703
Debt service			
Capital lease principal	22,000	22,000	21,951
Interest and fiscal charges	3,010	3,010	3,106
Capital outlay	547,900	810,294	747,059
Total expenditures	19,633,500	19,856,256	18,833,757
EVCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF DEVENIUS			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	345,500	126,524	1,336,901
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	165,800	165,800	123,629
Transfers (out)	(775,800)	(2,075,601)	(2,033,430)
Transfers (out)	(775,000)	(2,075,001)	(2,033,130)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(610,000)	(1,909,801)	(1,909,801)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (264,500)	\$ (1,783,277)	(572,900)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			17,571,860
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30		,	\$ 16,998,960

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DOWNTOWN TIF DISTRICT FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 19,995	\$	19,995	\$	145,281
Investment income	 5		5		41
Total revenues	 20,000		20,000		145,322
EXPENDITURES					
General government					
Legal services	10,000		10,000		778
Professional services	40,000		40,000		-
Engineering services	40,000		40,000		952,190
Postage	-		-		-
Infrastructure maintenance	-		-		-
Economic development	-		-		263
Capital outlay	 -		-		29,200
Total expenditures	90,000		90,000		982,431
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (70,000)	\$	(70,000)	ļ	(837,109)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), MAY 1			,		(834,949)
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), APRIL 30				\$	(1,672,058)

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

April 30, 2017

Actuarial Valuation Date April 30,	(1) Actuarial Value of Assets	(2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry-Age	(3) Funded Ratio (1)/(2)	(4) Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (2) - (1)	(5) Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (4)/(5)
2012	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2013	\$ -	\$ 1,007,466	0.00%	\$ 1,007,466	\$ 10,816,821	9.31%
2014	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2015	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2016	-	1,453,154	0.00%	1,453,154	10,518,859	13.81%
2017	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

N/A - Actuarial valuation not performed

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Two Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30,	2016	2017		
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 753,644	\$	745,068	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 (753,644)		(745,068)	
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$ -	\$	-	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,631,156	\$	6,465,839	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.37%		11.52%	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The information presented was determined as part of the actuarial valuations as of December 31, 2016. Additional information as of the latest valuation presented is as follows: the actuarial cost method was entry-age normal; the amortization period was 27 years; the asset valuation method was five-year smoothed market; and the significant actuarial assumptions were an investment rate of return at 7.50% annually, projected salary increases assumption of 3.75% to 14.50% compounded annually, and postretirement benefit increases of 3.50% compounded annually.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE PENSION FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30,	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 444,960	\$ 676,838	\$ 768,620	\$ 916,506	\$ 933,392	\$ 987,225	\$ 1,010,427	\$ 1,178,898	\$ 1,239,425	\$ 1,836,961
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 445,268	677,063	767,532	916,349	937,750	978,923	1,025,000	1,179,000	 1,240,000	1,837,000
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$ (308)	\$ (225)	\$ 1,088	\$ 157	\$ (4,358)	\$ 8,302	\$ (14,573)	\$ (102)	\$ (575)	\$ (39)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,529,291	\$ 3,799,289	\$ 3,865,273	\$ 4,008,376	\$ 4,145,760	\$ 4,221,895	\$ 4,193,768	\$ 4,151,265	\$ 4,077,186	\$ 4,250,692
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.6%	17.8%	19.9%	22.9%	22.6%	23.2%	24.4%	28.4%	30.4%	43.2%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The information presented was determined as part of the actuarial valuations as of May 1 of the prior fiscal year. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation presented is as follows: the actuarial cost method was entry-age normal; the amortization method was level percent of pay, closed and the amortization period was 25 years; the asset valuation was at five-year smoothed market value; and the significant actuarial assumptions were an investment rate of return at 7.0% annually, projected salary increases assumption of 5.5%, and postretirement benefit increases of 3.0% compounded annually.

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

April 30, 2017

Fiscal Year	nployer tributions	Re	nnual quired tribution	Percentage
2012	\$ 13,030	\$	56,407	23.10%
2013	13,989		56,407	24.80%
2014	14,763		103,966	14.20%
2015	15,548		103,966	14.95%
2016	41,892		103,966	40.29%
2017	63,271		127,551	49.60%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Two Fiscal Years

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,	2015	2016
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY		
Service cost	\$ 756,829	\$ 727,336
Interest	1,819,378	1,956,191
Changes of benefit terms	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(161,237)	(547,368)
Changes of assumptions	40,403	(82,880)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	 (550,096)	(608,099)
Net change in total pension liability	1,905,277	1,445,180
Total pension liability - beginning	 24,187,388	26,092,665
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$ 26,092,665	\$ 27,537,845
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		
Contributions - employer	\$ 773,192	\$ 745,680
Contributions - member	304,371	295,560
Net investment income	106,029	1,484,262
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(550,096)	(608,099)
Administrative expense	 (456,684)	54,700
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	176,812	1,972,103
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	20,942,111	21,118,923
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 21,118,923	\$ 23,091,026
EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY	\$ 4,973,742	\$ 4,446,819
Plan fiduciary net position		
as a percentage of the total pension liability	80.94%	83.85%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,631,156	\$ 6,484,170
Employer's net pension liability		
as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	75.00%	68.60%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

There was a change with respect to actuarial assumptions from 2014 to 2015 to reflect revised expectations with respect to mortality rates, disability rates, turnover rates, and retirement rates. There was a change in the discount rate assumption from 2015 to 2016.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE PENSION FUND

Last Three Fiscal Years

MEASUREMENT DATE APRIL 30,		2015		2016		2017
,		2010		2010		
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY						
Service cost	\$	806,170	\$	861,719	\$	1,038,677
Interest		2,306,932		2,602,515		2,704,064
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		481,935		(277,976)		(328,182)
Changes of assumptions		2,726,115		(744,218)		(1,238,868)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(539,305)		(903,832)		(971,371)
Net change in total pension liability		5,781,847		1,538,208		1,204,320
Total pension liability - beginning		33,225,843		39,007,690		40,545,898
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$	39,007,690	\$	40,545,898	\$	41,750,218
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION						
Contributions - employer	\$	1,179,000	\$	1,240,000	\$	1,837,000
Contributions - member	Ψ	415,618	Ψ	450,578	Ψ	423,716
Net investment income		1,125,257		(67,703)		2,101,867
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(539,305)		(903,832)		(971,371)
Administrative expense		(27,755)		(28,723)		(40,032)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,152,815		690,320		3,351,180
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		19,452,870		21,605,685		22,296,005
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	21,605,685	\$	22,296,005	\$	25,647,185
EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY	\$	17,402,005	\$	18,249,893	\$	16,103,033
Plan fiduciary net position						
as a percentage of the total pension liability		55.39%		54.99%		61.43%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,151,265	\$	4,077,186	\$	4,250,692
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		419.20%		447.60%		378.80%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

2014-2015: There was a change with respect to actuarial assumptions from the prior year to reflect revised expectations with respect to mortality rates, disability rates, turnover rates, and retirement rates. 2015-2016: The discount rate used in the determination of the total pension liability was changed from 7.00% to 6.75%. Additionally, there was a change with respect to actuarial assumptions from the prior year to reflect revised expectations with respect to mortality rates, mortality improvement rates, retirement rates, disability rates, and termination rates.

2016-2017: There was a change with respect to actuarial assumptions from the prior year to include updated mortality assumptions from the MP-2016 table. Additionally, rates are being applied on a fully generational basis. These changes were made to better reflect the future anticipated experience in the fund.

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS POLICE PENSION FUND

Last Three Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30,	2015	2016	2017
Annual money-weighted rate of return,			
net of investment expense	5.77%	(0.31%)	9.37%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

April 30, 2017

1. BUDGETS

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted (at the fund level) for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects, Enterprise, and Police Pension Trust Funds except for the SSA #1 Fund. The annual appropriated budget is legally enacted and provides for a legal level of control at the fund level. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The Village follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

All departments of the Village submit requests for appropriation so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity, and includes information on the past year, current year estimates, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

The proposed budget is presented to the governing body for review. The governing body holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget. The budget may be amended by the governing body.

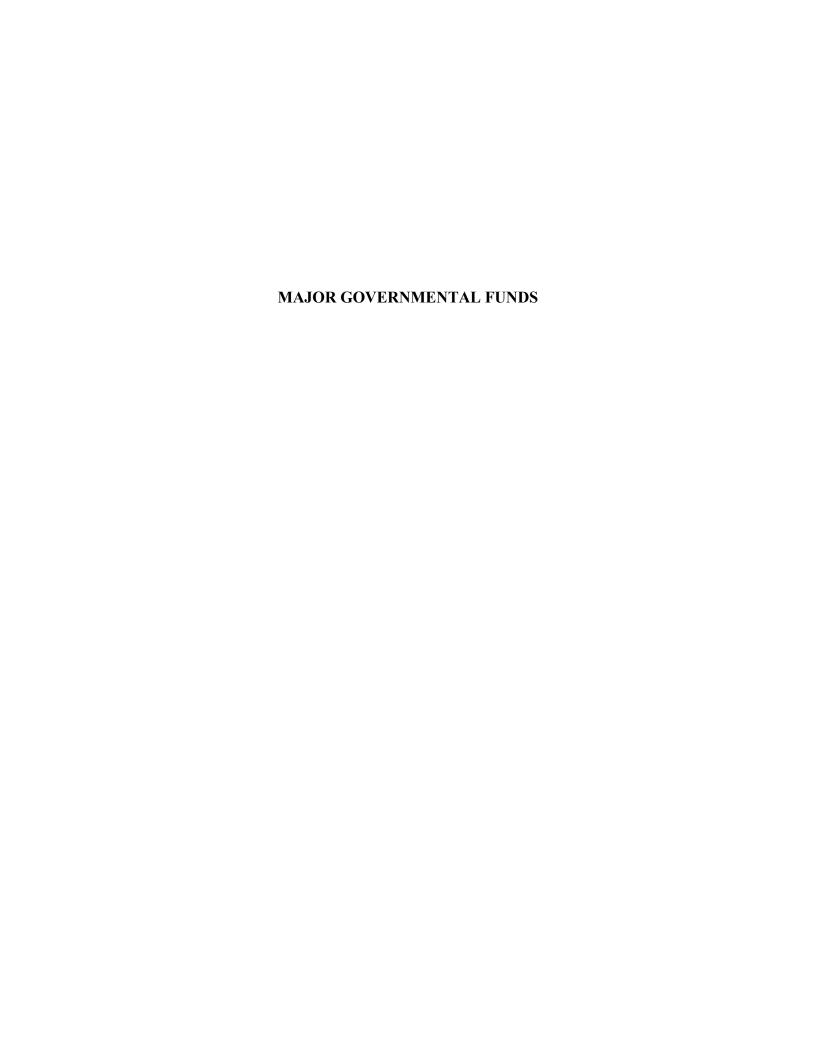
All funds adopt an annual budget and budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with GAAP except for the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund in that depreciation, amortization, gains/losses on the sales of capital assets, and pension expense adjustments are not budgeted and capital outlay and debt principal retirements (other than defeasements) are budgeted.

2. EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

The following funds had expenditures that exceeded budget:

Fund	Final Budget	Expenditures
Downtown TIF District Fund	\$ 90,000	\$ 982,431
Building Service Fund	808,500	870,312

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND - BY ACCOUNT

April 30, 2017

		Operating	Sw	ublic imming Pool	Special Revenue	Total
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,723,364	\$	9,371	\$ 618,177	\$ 6,350,912
Investments		7,483,292		-	373,449	7,856,741
Receivables						
Property tax		5,600,000		-	-	5,600,000
Other taxes		2,417,619		-	7,135	2,424,754
Intergovernmental, grants, and contributions		93,286		-	-	93,286
IPBC		75,051		-	-	75,051
Accrued interest		16,225		-	-	16,225
Other		261,837		-	-	261,837
Due from other funds		101,416		-	-	101,416
Advance to other funds		654,390		1.041	-	654,390
Prepaid items	_	80,473		1,041	-	81,514
TOTAL ASSETS		22,506,953		10,412	998,761	23,516,126
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
None		-		-	-	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED						
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	22,506,953	\$	10,412	\$ 998,761	\$ 23,516,126
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	666,221	\$	1,339	\$ 49,004	\$ 716,564
Unearned revenue		112,360		10,456	53,820	176,636
Other liabilities		23,966		-	-	23,966
Total liabilities		802,547		11,795	102,824	917,166
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable property tax revenue		5,600,000		-	-	5,600,000
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		6,402,547		11,795	102,824	6,517,166
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable						
Prepaids		80,473		1,041	-	81,514
Advances		654,390		-	-	654,390
Restricted						
Insurance		640,384		-	-	640,384
Donor programs		240,214		-	559,609	799,823
Assigned						
Capital projects		263,236		-	-	263,236
Special purpose		8,235		-	-	8,235
Unassigned (deficit)		14,217,474		(2,424)	336,328	14,551,378
Total fund balances (deficit)		16,104,406		(1,383)	895,937	16,998,960
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	22,506,953	\$	10,412	\$ 998,761	\$ 23,516,126

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND - BY ACCOUNT

	Operating	Public Swimming Pool	Special Revenue	Eliminations	Total
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 6,224,584	\$ -	\$ 46,005	\$ -	\$ 6,270,589
Intergovernmental, grants, and contributions	11,727,047	_	(34,561)	-	11,692,486
Charges for services	239,548	88,327	-	-	327,875
Licenses and permits	612,193	-	-	-	612,193
Fines and forfeits	459,464	-	-	-	459,464
Investment income	140,247	15	4,029	-	144,291
Miscellaneous	637,568	26,192		-	663,760
Total revenues	20,040,651	114,534	15,473	-	20,170,658
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	4,059,902	204,903	12,712	-	4,277,517
Public safety	9,285,421	-	-	-	9,285,421
Public works	4,475,388	-	23,315	-	4,498,703
Debt service					
Principal	21,951	-	-	-	21,951
Interest and fiscal charges	3,106	-	-	-	3,106
Capital outlay	747,059	-	-	-	747,059
Total expenditures	18,592,827	204,903	36,027	-	18,833,757
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	1,447,824	(90,369)	(20,554)	-	1,336,901
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	35,000	88,629	-	(123,629)	-
Transfers (out)	(1,698,629)	<u>-</u>	(334,801)	123,629	(1,909,801)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,663,629)	88,629	(334,801)	-	(1,909,801)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(215,805)	(1,740)	(355,355)		(572,900)
FUND BALANCES, MAY 1	16,320,211	357	1,251,292	-	17,571,860
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$ 16,104,406	\$ (1,383)	\$ 895,937	\$ -	\$ 16,998,960

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND - OPERATING ACCOUNT

		Original		Final		
		Budget		Budget		Actual
TAXES						
Property taxes						
General	\$	664,000	\$	664,000	\$	661,457
Road and bridge	Ψ	390,000	Ψ	390,000	Ψ	395,103
Social Security		550,000		550,000		547,893
Insurance		500,000		500,000		498,081
IMRF		,				
		400,000		400,000		398,465
School crossing		18,000		18,000		17,928
Police protection		1,757,000		1,757,000		1,750,264
ESDA		5,000		5,000		4,984
Police pension		1,837,000		1,837,000		1,829,959
Telecommunications tax		130,000		130,000		120,450
Total taxes		6,251,000		6,251,000		6,224,584
LICENSES AND PERMITS						
Liquor licenses		115,000		115,000		129,034
•						
Building permits		400,000		400,000		419,176
Miscellaneous licenses		50,000		50,000		63,983
Total licenses and permits		565,000		565,000		612,193
INTERGOVERNMENTAL, GRANTS						
AND CONTRIBUTIONS						
Income tax		3,800,000		3,800,000		3,579,609
Sales tax		7,600,000		7,600,000		7,704,133
Personal property replacement tax		60,000		60,000		65,793
Intergovernmental agreements		112,500		112,500		132,962
Grants - operating, public safety, general		_		-		74,899
Contributions		125,000		128,780		169,651
Total intergovernmental, grants, and contributions		11,697,500		11,701,280		11,727,047
CHARGES FOR SERVICES						
Building and zoning		7,000		7,000		9,980
Platting fees		2,000		2,000		_
Police training reimbursement		1,000		1,000		_
Park usage fees		12,500		12,500		10,105
Recreation programs		100,000		100,000		106,612
Site development fee		1,000		1,000		990
Public art impact fee		1,000		1,000		1,270
i done art impact ice		1,000		1,000		1,4/0

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND - OPERATING ACCOUNT

		Original		Original		Original
		Budget		Budget		Budget
CHADGES FOR SERVICES (Continued)						
CHARGES FOR SERVICES (Continued) Rental income	\$	53,000	\$	53,000	\$	79,609
Outsourced service fees	Φ	20,000	Ф	20,000	Ф	29,279
Historical commission		400		400		950
Subdivision signs		500		500		753
Subdivision signs		300		300		133
Total charges for services		198,400		198,400		239,548
FINES AND FORFEITS						
County court and drug fines		197,500		197,500		180,867
County prosecution fines		17,000		17,000		15,666
Police fines		10,000		10,000		29,210
Restitution - court cases		4,000		4,000		22,714
Police accident reports		4,500		4,500		4,527
Reports, maps, and ordinance		1,500		1,500		721
Building permit fines		15,000		15,000		20,720
Towing and storage		30,000		30,000		44,528
Traffic light enforcement		-		-		30,061
Municipal fines		90,000		90,000		103,785
Maintenance fee		1,500		1,500		6,435
Administrative fees		-		-		230
Total fines and forfeits		371,000		371,000		459,464
INVESTMENT INCOME		86,000		86,000		140,247
MISCELLANEOUS						
Cable TV franchise fees		520,000		520,000		547,683
Other receipts		31,100		31,100		89,885
Total miscellaneous		551,100		551,100		637,568
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	19,720,000	\$	19,723,780	\$	20,040,651

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND - OPERATING ACCOUNT

(Original		Final		
	Budget		Budget		Actual
\$	1 401 200	\$	1 401 200	2	1,372,338
Ψ		Ψ	, ,	Ψ	294,147
			,		852,842
	-				151,848
	323,300		291,432		131,040
	2,991,300		3,016,077		2,671,175
	1 245 500		1 246 500		1,207,855
					45,668
	-		-		122,377
	,		-		12,827
	,		=0,000		12,027
	1,484,790		1,484,790		1,388,727
	4,476,090		4,500,867		4,059,902
	6 131 000		6 045 000		5,976,576
					242,415
	-		-		1,132,313
	1,939,500		1,940,780		1,934,117
	9,514,200		9,389,680		9,285,421
	285 300		285 300		266,644
	-				18,002
					86,377
	-				6,844
	12,700		12,000		0,011
	390,900		381,400		377,867
	\$	\$ 1,401,200 293,400 973,200 323,500 2,991,300 1,245,500 58,100 158,500 22,690 1,484,790 4,476,090 4,476,090 1,136,200 1,939,500 9,514,200 285,300 16,200 76,700 12,700	\$ 1,401,200 \$ 293,400 973,200 323,500 1,245,500 58,100 158,500 22,690 1,484,790 4,476,090 6,131,000 307,500 1,136,200 1,939,500 9,514,200 285,300 16,200 76,700 12,700	Budget Budget \$ 1,401,200 \$ 1,401,200 293,400 305,750 973,200 1,011,695 323,500 297,432 2,991,300 3,016,077 1,245,500 1,246,500 58,100 59,100 158,500 20,690 1,484,790 1,484,790 4,476,090 4,500,867 6,131,000 6,045,000 307,500 263,950 1,136,200 1,139,950 1,939,500 1,940,780 9,514,200 9,389,680 285,300 285,300 16,200 20,585 76,700 62,915 12,700 12,600	Budget Budget \$ 1,401,200 \$ 1,401,200 \$ 293,400 305,750 973,200 1,011,695 323,500 297,432 2,991,300 3,016,077 1,246,500 58,100 59,100 158,500 22,690 20,690 1,484,790 1,484,790 1,484,790 4,476,090 4,500,867 6,131,000 6,045,000 307,500 263,950 1,136,200 1,139,950 1,939,500 1,940,780 9,514,200 9,389,680 285,300 285,300 16,200 20,585 76,700 62,915 12,700 12,600

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND - OPERATING ACCOUNT

	Original			Final		
		Budget		Budget		Actual
CURDENT (C)						
CURRENT (Continued) Public works (Continued)						
,						
Streets department Personnel	¢	2 250 200	¢.	2 250 200	ď	2 204 625
	\$	2,359,200	\$	2,359,200	\$	2,284,635
Commodities		404,500		472,405		379,568
Contractual services		1,486,500		1,488,200		1,402,072
Other charges		38,900		38,900		31,246
Total streets department		4,289,100		4,358,705		4,097,521
Total streets department		4,209,100		4,330,703		4,097,321
Total public works		4,680,000		4,740,105		4,475,388
Debt service						
		22,000		22,000		21,951
Principal				,		
Interest and fiscal charges		3,010		3,010		3,106
Total debt service		25,010		25,010		25,057
Capital outlay						
General government		167,900		293,994		235,196
Public works		255,000		248,000		244,503
Public safety		125,000		268,300		267,360
Tracel consider to the co		5.47,000		010.204		747.050
Total capital outlay		547,900		810,294		747,059
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	19,243,200	\$	19,465,956	\$	18,592,827

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND - PUBLIC SWIMMING POOL ACCOUNT

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES				
Charges for services				
Swimming pool fees	\$ 37,500	\$ 37,500	\$	30,275
Swimming daily fees	27,500	27,500		25,891
Swimming lessons	21,000	21,000		23,010
Concessions	8,000	8,000		9,151
Investment income	-	-		15
Miscellaneous	 22,500	22,500		26,192
Total revenues	116,500	116,500		114,534
EXPENDITURES				
General government				
Personnel	85,750	85,750		76,596
Commodities	9,750	10,749		7,489
Contractual services	147,150	147,601		118,213
Other	 4,650	3,200		2,605
Total expenditures	 247,300	247,300		204,903
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	(130,800)	(130,800)		(90,369)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	 130,800	130,800		88,629
Total other financing sources (uses)	130,800	130,800		88,629
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	ı	(1,740)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				357
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), APRIL 30			\$	(1,383)
		•		

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND - PUBLIC SWIMMING POOL ACCOUNT

For the Year Ended April 30, 2017

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
CURRENT			
General government			
Personnel			
Salary of pool employees	\$ 79,000	\$ 79,000	\$ 70,596
FICA	6,050	6,050	5,400
SUI	700	700	600
Total personnel	85,750	85,750	76,596
Commodities			
Office supplies	450	649	396
Concessions	5,200	5,200	4,921
IT equipment and supplies	2,400	3,200	621
Small tools and equipment	1,700	1,700	1,551
Total commodities	9,750	10,749	7,489
Contractual services			
Telephone	110	910	852
Gas - heat	4,800	4,800	2,889
Electricity	6,240	6,240	5,835
Water	4,300	4,300	4,771
Professional services	1,200	1,850	1,580
Maintenance	89,000	89,000	78,966
Insurance	7,500	6,501	6,320
Maintenance - outsourced building	34,000	34,000	17,000
Total contractual services	147,150	147,601	118,213
Other			
Travel, training, dues	1,650	1,150	910
Recreation programs	1,300	500	353
Uniforms and safety items	1,700	1,550	1,342
Total other	4,650	3,200	2,605
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 247,300	\$ 247,300	\$ 204,903

(See independent auditor's report.) - 72 -

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE ACCOUNT

	0	Original Final				
		Budget Budget		Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES Taxes						
Hotel	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	46,005
Intergovernmental, grants, and contributions	Ψ	90,000	Ψ	90,000	Ψ	(34,561)
Investment income		2,500		2,500		4,029
Total revenues		142,500		142,500		15,473
EXPENDITURES						
General government Regional marketing		103,000		103,000		12,712
Public works		105,000		105,000		12,712
Contractual services - snow removal		40,000		40,000		23,315
Total expenditures		143,000		143,000		36,027
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		(500)		(500)		(20,554)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers (out)		(35,000)		(334,801)		(334,801)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(35,000)		(334,801)		(334,801)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(35,500)	\$	(335,301)	=	(355,355)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1						1,251,292
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30					\$	895,937

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STREET IMPROVEMENT FUND

		Original Final Budget Budget			Actual
	-				
REVENUES					
Taxes	•			4.4.50.000	
Home rule sales tax	\$	4,150,000	\$	4,150,000	\$ 4,227,205
Utility taxes		900,000		900,000	923,668
Telecommunication taxes		348,000		348,000	318,838
Intergovernmental		-		-	322,725
Investment income		9,000		9,000	41,890
Total revenues		5,407,000		5,407,000	5,834,326
EXPENDITURES					
Public works					
Contractual services					
Legal services		6,000		6,000	12,252
Engineering services		3,530,000		4,205,000	1,368,983
Infrastructure maintenance		3,410,000		3,710,000	3,242,603
Capital outlay		4,430,000		3,860,000	2,475,646
Total expenditures		11,376,000		11,781,000	7,099,484
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers (out)		-		-	1,299,801
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-	1,299,801
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(5,969,000)	\$	(6,374,000)	34,643
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1					11,306,928
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30				:	\$ 11,341,571

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Motor Fuel Tax Fund - to account for maintenance and various street improvements in the Village. Financing is provided by the Village's share of Motor Fuel Tax allotments. State statutes require those allotments to be used to maintain streets.

Parks Fund - to account for the acquisition of new park sites. Financing is provided by developer contributions. In addition, monies have been allocated in this fund for design and development of existing parks throughout the Village.

Cemetery Fund - to account for the operations of the Village owned cemetery. Financing is provided by fees and transfers from the General Fund.

SSA #1 Fund - to account for activities associated with improvements within established Special Service Area #1.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt Service Fund - to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general obligation debt principal, interest, and related costs.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Village Expansion Fund - to account for Village expansion projects. Financing is provided from the issuance of debt and development fees.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

April 30, 2017

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Total
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,384,333	\$ 1,681	\$ 139,387	\$ 3,525,401
Investments	115,532	616,987	10,505	743,024
Receivables				
Property tax	11,500	-	-	11,500
Other taxes	85,675	-	-	85,675
Intergovernmental, grants, and contributions	250,785	-	-	250,785
Prepaid items	169	-	-	169
Total assets	3,847,994	618,668	149,892	4,616,554
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
None		-	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED				
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 3,847,994	\$ 618,668	\$ 149,892	\$ 4,616,554
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 561,297	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 561,297
Advances from other funds		-	-	-
Total liabilities	561,297	-	-	561,297
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable property tax revenue	11,500	-	-	11,500
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	572,797	-	-	572,797
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable				
Prepaids	169	-	-	169
Restricted				
Street maintenance	1,923,217	-	-	1,923,217
Capital projects	94,138	-	-	94,138
Cemetery	308,059	-	-	308,059
Assigned				
Capital projects	949,614	-	149,892	1,099,506
Debt service	-	618,668	-	618,668
Total fund balances	3,275,197	618,668	149,892	4,043,757
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 3,847,994	\$ 618,668	\$ 149,892	\$ 4,616,554

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Special		Debt		Capital	
		Revenue		Service		Projects	Total
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	402,028	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 402,028
Intergovernmental, grants, and contributions	•	849,833	•	-	•	11,000	860,833
Charges for services		40,362		-		-	40,362
Investment income		14,466		5,888		143	20,497
Miscellaneous		22,028		-		-	22,028
Total revenues		1,328,717		5,888		11,143	1,345,748
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
General government		33,026		=		-	33,026
Public works		1,398,509		-		-	1,398,509
Capital outlay		606,309		-		-	606,309
Debt service Principal				550,000			550,000
Interest and fiscal charges		-		550,000 53,210		-	53,210
interest and fiscal charges				33,210			33,210
Total expenditures		2,037,844		603,210		-	2,641,054
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		(709,127)		(597,322)		11,143	(1,295,306)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		-		610,000		-	610,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		610,000		-	610,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(709,127)		12,678		11,143	(685,306)
FUND BALANCES, MAY 1		3,984,324		605,990		138,749	4,729,063
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$	3,275,197	\$	618,668	\$	149,892	\$ 4,043,757

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

April 30, 2017

			Special	Rev	enue		
	N	Motor Fuel	Dawles	,	7ama4am.	CC A #1	Total
		Tax	Parks		Cemetery	SSA #1	Total
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,224,372	\$ 949,429	\$	193,528	\$ 17,004	\$ 3,384,333
Investments		-	-		115,532	-	115,532
Receivables							
Property tax		-	-		-	11,500	11,500
Other taxes		-	85,675		-	-	85,675
Intergovernmental, grants, and contributions		65,785	185,000		-	-	250,785
Prepaid items		-	-		169	-	169
TOTAL ASSETS		2,290,157	1,220,104		309,229	28,504	3,847,994
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
None		-	-		-	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	2,290,157	\$ 1,220,104	\$	309,229	\$ 28,504	\$ 3,847,994
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	366,940	\$ 193,356	\$	1,001	\$ -	\$ 561,297
Advances from other funds		_	-		-	-	-
Total liabilities		366,940	193,356		1,001	-	561,297
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable property tax revenue		-	-		-	11,500	11,500
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		366,940	193,356		1,001	11,500	572,797
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable							
Prepaids		-	_		169	-	169
Restricted							
Street maintenance		1,923,217	-		-	-	1,923,217
Capital projects		-	77,134		-	17,004	94,138
Cemetery		-	-		308,059	-	308,059
Assigned							
Capital projects		-	949,614		-	-	949,614
Total fund balances		1,923,217	1,026,748		308,228	17,004	3,275,197
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,290,157	\$ 1,220,104	\$	309,229	\$ 28,504	\$ 3,847,994

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Special Revenue									
	N	Iotor Fuel		-					-	
		Tax		Parks		Cemetery	ry SSA #1			Total
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$	-	\$	385,028	\$	-	\$	17,000	\$	402,028
Intergovernmental, grants, and contributions		849,833		-		-		-		849,833
Charges for services		-		23,562		16,800		-		40,362
Investment income		10,765		2,370		1,327		4		14,466
Miscellaneous		-		-		22,028		-		22,028
Total revenues		860,598		410,960		40,155		17,004		1,328,717
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General government		-		-		33,026		-		33,026
Public works		1,265,808		132,701		-		-		1,398,509
Capital outlay		133,985		472,324		-		-		606,309
Total expenditures		1,399,793		605,025		33,026		-		2,037,844
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(539,195)		(194,065)		7,129		17,004		(709,127)
FUND BALANCES, MAY 1		2,462,412		1,220,813		301,099		-		3,984,324
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$	1,923,217	\$	1,026,748	\$	308,228	\$	17,004	\$	3,275,197

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

	Original Budget			Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental, grants, and contributions					
Motor fuel tax allotments	\$	815,000	\$	815,000	\$ 849,833
Investment income		500		500	10,765
Total revenues		815,500		815,500	860,598
EXPENDITURES					
Public works					
Materials		428,000		428,000	288,803
Engineering services		227,000		20,000	-
Maintenance		995,000		1,202,000	977,005
Capital outlay		150,000		150,000	133,985
Total expenditures		1,800,000		1,800,000	1,399,793
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(984,500)	\$	(984,500)	(539,195)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1					2,462,412
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30					\$ 1,923,217

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PARKS FUND

	 Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Video gaming	\$ 60,000	\$	60,000	\$ 115,787
Telecommunications tax	285,000		285,000	269,241
Charges for services	-		-	23,562
Investment income	 100		100	2,370
Total revenues	345,100		345,100	410,960
EXPENDITURES				
Public works				
Wetland mitigation	21,000		21,000	7,245
Ecosystem maintenance	92,000		92,000	78,165
Engineering services	40,000		121,000	47,291
Capital outlay	 500,000		466,000	472,324
Total expenditures	 653,000		700,000	605,025
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (307,900)	\$	(354,900)	 (194,065)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				1,220,813
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30				\$ 1,026,748

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CEMETERY FUND

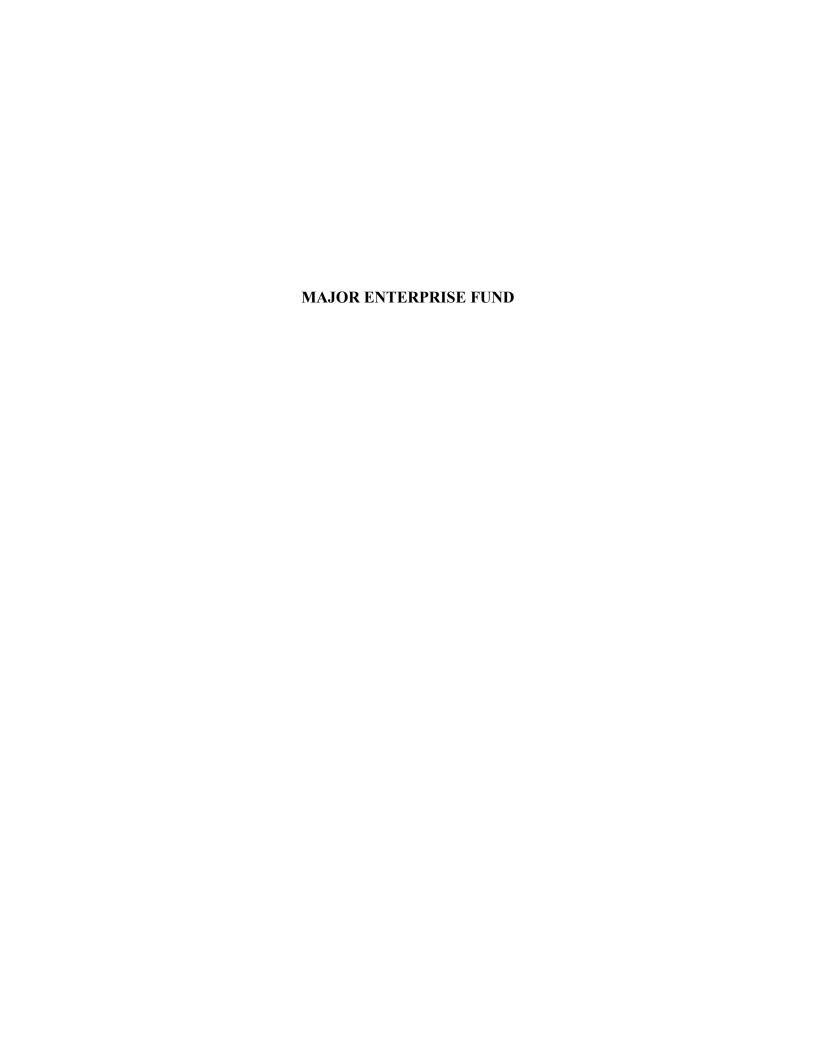
	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES						
Charges for services						
Opening graves and closing crypts	\$	10,000	\$	14,000	\$	13,400
Perpetual care		1,500		1,500		750
Sale of lots		6,000		6,000		2,650
Investment income		1,000		1,000		1,327
Miscellaneous		22,000		22,000		22,028
Total revenues		40,500		44,500		40,155
EXPENDITURES						
General government						
Supplies		1,850		1,850		838
Professional services		21,300		21,300		20,851
Grave openings		8,000		12,000		10,250
Insurance		1,000		1,000		1,087
Total expenditures		32,150		36,150		33,026
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	8,350	\$	8,350	=	7,129
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1						301,099
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30					\$	308,228

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Original Final Budget Budget				Actual		
REVENUES							
Investment income	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	5,888	
Total revenues		3,000		3,000		5,888	
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Debt service							
Principal		550,000		550,000		550,000	
Interest and fiscal charges		55,000		55,000		53,210	
Total expenditures		605,000		605,000		603,210	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(602,000)		(602,000)		(597,322)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		610,000		610,000		610,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	8,000	\$	8,000	=	12,678	
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1						605,990	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30					\$	618,668	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL VILLAGE EXPANSION FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
REVENUES Intergovernmental, grants, and contributions Investment income	\$	4,000 100	\$	4,000 100	\$ 11,000 143
Total revenues		4,100		4,100	11,143
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay		50,000		50,000	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures		50,000		50,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(45,900)	\$	(45,900)	11,143
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				_	138,749
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30				=	\$ 149,892



COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE FUND

April 30, 2017

	Operations I and Maintenance		Improvements and Extension		Total
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,737,663	\$	3,546,935	\$ 8,284,598
Investments		110,648		3,963,779	4,074,427
Receivables					
Accounts		926,869		2,301	929,170
Prepaid expenses		26,326		-	26,326
Restricted assets - investments		808,325		-	808,325
Total current assets		6,609,831		7,513,015	14,122,846
NONGUEDENT AGGETG					
NONCURRENT ASSETS Advances to other funds		-		132,122	132,122
Capital assets					
Nondepreciable		3,857,443		-	3,857,443
Depreciable, net of accumulated		10 = 11 110			
depreciation		49,561,443		-	49,561,443
Net capital assets		53,418,886		-	53,418,886
Total noncurrent assets		53,418,886		132,122	53,551,008
_ ,					
Total assets		60,028,717		7,645,137	67,673,854
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension items - IMRF		352,249		_	352,249
Deferred loss on refunding		133,376		-	133,376
Total deferred outflows of resources		485,625		-	485,625
Total assets and deferred					
outflows of resources		60,514,342		7,645,137	68,159,479
					· · ·

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE FUND

April 30, 2017

	Operations and Maintenance	Improvements and Extension	Total
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 390,749	\$ 189,208	\$ 579,957
Accrued interest	14,861	- -	14,861
Compensated absences payable - current	140,843	-	140,843
Bonds payable - current	630,000	-	630,000
Total current liabilities	1,176,453	189,208	1,365,661
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES			
Compensated absences payable - long-term	87,863	-	87,863
IMRF net pension liability	1,252,467	-	1,252,467
Bonds payable - long-term	5,468,569	-	5,468,569
Total long-term liabilities	6,808,899	-	6,808,899
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension items - IMRF	182,428	-	182,428
Total liabilities and deferred			
inflows of resources	8,167,780	189,208	8,356,988
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	47,453,693	-	47,453,693
Restricted for debt service	808,325	-	808,325
Unrestricted	4,084,544	7,455,929	11,540,473
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 52,346,562	\$ 7,455,929	\$ 59,802,491

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE FUND

		Operations and aintenance		provements and Extension	Total
ODED ATTING DEVENUES					
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	¢	5.762.641	Ф	d	5.762.641
Water and sewer revenue	\$	5,762,641	\$	- 5	-) -) -
Meter sales		26,622		-	26,622
Connection fees		-		505,565	505,565
Infrastructure fees		659,590		=	659,590
Administration fee		78,246		-	78,246
Miscellaneous		70,358		-	70,358
Total operating revenues		6,597,457		505,565	7,103,022
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Water operations		2,670,249		-	2,670,249
Sewer operations		2,566,306		-	2,566,306
Non departmental		_		157,818	157,818
Depreciation		3,486,871		-	3,486,871
Total operating expenses		8,723,426		157,818	8,881,244
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(2,125,969)		347,747	(1,778,222)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment income		20,560		34,980	55,540
Interest expense and fiscal agent fees		(185,413)		-	(185,413)
-					<u> </u>
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(164,853)		34,980	(129,873)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		(2,290,822)		382,727	(1,908,095)
TRANSFERS					
Transfers in		141,301		-	141,301
Transfers (out)		-		(141,301)	(141,301)
Total transfers		141,301		(141,301)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(2,149,521)		241,426	(1,908,095)
NET POSITION, MAY 1		54,496,083		7,214,503	61,710,586
NET POSITION, APRIL 30	\$	52,346,562	\$	7,455,929	59,802,491

SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
WATER DEPARTMENT			
Personnel			
IMRF	\$ 133,000	\$ 133,000	\$ 119,062
FICA	88,000	88,000	78,744
Unemployment tax	1,800	1,800	1,559
Health insurance	206,000	206,000	174,803
Salaries	1,110,000	1,110,000	1,047,068
Overtime	30,000		30,215
Commodities	30,000	30,000	30,213
	70,000	70.000	20 175
Meters	70,000	70,000	39,175
Office supplies	700	700	646
Materials	19,150	19,150	8,755
Chemicals	199,100	199,100	151,939
Postage	26,500	26,500	25,390
Small tools and equipment	16,150	16,150	14,962
Fuel	26,000	26,000	17,853
Lab supplies	11,400	11,400	8,613
Office furniture and equipment	-	800	758
IT equipment and supplies	57,100	57,100	43,337
Contractual services			
Utilities	333,800	333,800	279,451
Legal services	4,000	4,000	2,209
Audit services	7,650	7,650	4,460
Engineering services	59,000	59,000	17,474
Professional services	130,400	145,900	136,537
Insurance	81,000	81,000	82,573
Interest	50	50	-
Publications	1,100	1,100	744
Printing	3,650	3,650	3,542
Equipment rental	1,000	1,000	577
Equipment lease	350	350	-
Physical exams	1,500	1,500	329
Travel, training, dues	12,100	12,100	6,470
Bank processing fees	19,000	19,000	21,213
ACH rebates	-	-	9,960
Uniforms	7,400	7,400	6,883
Maintenance			
Wells	72,500	72,500	48,390
Booster station	16,900	17,900	17,077
Maintenance storage facility	10,000	10,000	6,637
Treatment facility	33,000	50,000	46,601
Distribution system	62,350	38,050	32,926
Vehicle maintenance	24,000	24,000	20,557
Building maintenance	76,000	76,000	91,280
Maintenance - other	350	350	368
Equipment maintenance	45,000	45,000	17,036
Capital outlay	320,000	310,000	191,454
Total water department	3,317,000	3,317,000	2,807,627

SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE FUND

	Original Budget		Actual
SEWER DEPARTMENT			
Personnel			
IMRF	\$ 114,000	\$ 114,000	\$ 102,649
FICA	77,000	•	68,065
Unemployment tax	1,600		1,367
Health insurance	166,000	•	136,732
Salaries	968,000		897,842
Overtime	20,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	25,465
Commodities	,	,	,
Meters	70,000	70,000	39,031
Office supplies	650		560
Materials	21,500		5,812
Chemicals	78,000		39,308
Postage	25,000		25,180
Small tools and equipment	24,300		22,360
Fuel	23,000	•	13,537
Lab supplies	7,000		6,165
Office furniture and equipment	-	7,000	25
IT equipment and supplies	73,950	75,600	63,309
Vehicles and equipment	-	19,550	19,550
Contractual services	_	17,550	17,550
Utilities	384,150	384,150	339,222
	,		284
Legal services Audit services	4,000		
	7,650		4,460
Engineering services	54,000		02 205
Professional services	127,750		93,295
Insurance	79,000	,	74,542
Publications	1,100		744
Printing	950		753
Equipment rental	1,000		1,211
Equipment lease	350		-
Physical exams	1,800	·	343
Sludge removal	119,450		94,041
Travel, training, dues	12,450		6,616
Bank processing fees	19,000	19,000	21,213
ACH rebates	-	-	10,001
Uniforms	8,800	9,300	7,867
Maintenance			
Treatment facility	167,925		183,892
Lift station	60,775		36,656
Collection station	24,500		788
Vehicle maintenance	22,000		36,291
Building maintenance	86,000		122,506
Equipment maintenance	55,000		17,249
Other	600		621
Capital outlay	45,000	50,200	50,154
Total sewer department	2,953,250	2,953,250	2,569,706

SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE FUND

		Original		Final		
		Budget		Budget		Actual
NONDEPARTMENTAL						
Contractual services	_		_		_	
Legal services	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	2,144
Engineering services		698,200		600,200		19,362
Infrastructure maintenance		300,000		300,000		101,996
Capital outlay		1,556,000		1,049,000		34,316
Total nondepartmental		2,574,200		1,969,200		157,818
TOTAL WATER AND SEWER OPERATIONS	\$	8,844,450	\$	8,239,450		5,535,151
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP BASIS						
WATER DEPARTMENT						
Pension expense						54,076
Less capitalized amounts						(191,454)
Total water department						(137,378)
SEWER DEPARTMENT						
Pension expense						46,754
Less capitalized amounts						(50,154)
Total sewer department						(3,400)
NONDEPARTMENTAL						
None						-
Total nondepartmental						
Depreciation						3,486,871
TOTAL WATER AND SEWER OPERATIONS - GAAP BASIS					\$	8,881,244



COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

April 30, 2017

	S	uilding service Fund	Vehicle Maintenance Fund		Maintenance		Total	
CURRENT ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$ _			
Receivables								
Accounts		-		12,819	12,819			
Inventory		49,449		101,600	151,049			
Total current assets		49,449		114,419	163,868			
CAPITAL ASSETS								
Depreciable, net of accumulated								
depreciation		24,690		109,024	133,714			
Net capital assets		24,690		109,024	133,714			
Total assets		74,139		223,443	297,582			
CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		30,383		52,320	82,703			
Due to other funds		12,893		88,523	101,416			
Total current liabilities		43,276		140,843	184,119			
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		24,690		109,024	133,714			
Unrestricted		6,173		(26,424)	(20,251)			
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	30,863	\$	82,600	\$ 113,463			

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	Building Service Fund	ervice Maintenance			Total
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services					
Maintenance billings	\$ 870,060	\$	743,488	\$	1,613,548
Fire district fuel	-		34,771		34,771
Fuel billings	-		178,302		178,302
Fleet maintenance	-		58,148		58,148
Miscellaneous	252		283		535
Total operating revenues	 870,312		1,014,992		1,885,304
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel	409,695		340,396		750,091
Contractual services	4,353		15,744		20,097
Supplies and materials	158,871		486,887		645,758
Maintenance	291,166	153,592			444,758
Other charges	6,227		14,125		20,352
Depreciation	6,173		16,047		22,220
Total operating expenses	 876,485		1,026,791		1,903,276
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(6,173)		(11,799)		(17,972)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) None	-		-		
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	 -		-		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(6,173)		(11,799)		(17,972)
NET POSITION, MAY 1	37,036		94,399		131,435
NET POSITION, APRIL 30	\$ 30,863	\$	82,600	\$	113,463

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

	Building Service Fund		0			Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from customers and users	\$	_	\$	271,221	\$	271,221
Cash received for interfund services provided	-	870,060	*	753,504	•	1,623,564
Payments to suppliers		(451,208)		(680,214)		(1,131,422)
Payments to employees		(409,695)		(340,396)		(750,091)
Other receipts (payments)		252		283		535
Net cash from operating activities		9,409		4,398		13,807
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Interfund transactions		(9,409)		38,074		28,665
Net cash from noncapital financing activities		(9,409)		38,074		28,665
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				(42,472)		(40, 450)
Purchase of capital assets		-		(42,472)		(42,472)
Net cash from capital and related						
financing activities		-		(42,472)		(42,472)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES None		_		_		_
- 100						
Net cash from investing activities		-		-		
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		-		-		-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, MAY 1		-		-		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, APRIL 30	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

		Building Service Fund	Vehicle Maintenance Fund	Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(6,173)	\$ (11,799) \$	(17,972)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income				
(loss) to net cash from operating activities				
Depreciation		6,173	16,047	22,220
Increase (decrease) in				
Accounts receivable		-	10,016	10,016
Inventory		(67)	(5,729)	(5,796)
Accounts payable		9,476	(4,137)	5,339
Total adjustments		15,582	16,197	31,779
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	9,409	\$ 4,398 \$	13,807

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS BUILDING SERVICE FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services					
Maintenance billings	\$	808,500	\$	808,500	\$ 870,060
Miscellaneous		-		-	252
Total operating revenues		808,500		808,500	870,312
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel		373,200		373,200	409,695
Contractual services		9,650		9,650	4,353
Supplies and materials		165,000		164,900	158,871
Maintenance		252,200		252,200	291,166
Other charges		8,450		8,550	6,227
Total operating expenses		808,500		808,500	870,312
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (BUDGETARY BASIS)	\$	-	\$	-	
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP BASIS					
Depreciation Depreciation					6,173
Total adjustments to GAAP basis					6,173
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (GAAP BASIS)					(6,173)
NET POSITION, MAY 1					37,036
NET POSITION, APRIL 30					\$ 30,863

SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL BUILDING SERVICE FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Personnel			
IMRF	\$ 31,500	\$ 31,500	\$ 33,404
FICA	21,500	21,500	22,668
SUI	500	500	596
Health insurance	46,500	46,500	48,175
Salaries	257,200	257,200	298,121
Overtime	16,000	16,000	6,731
Total personnel	373,200	373,200	409,695
Contractual services			
Telephone	4,000	4,000	3,867
Natural gas	1,000	1,000	-
Physical exams	200	200	215
Printing and advertising	400	400	15
Professional services	2,700	2,700	256
Publications	500	500	-
Non-operation leases	350	350	-
Equipment rental	500	500	
Total contractual services	9,650	9,650	4,353
Supplies and materials			
Office supplies	300	300	283
Postage	100	100	-
Building supplies	135,200	135,200	137,819
Tools, equipment, and supplies	24,400	24,300	17,730
Fuel	3,000	3,000	2,210
Office furniture and equipment	2,000	2,000	829
Total supplies and materials	165,000	164,900	158,871
Maintenance			
Vehicle maintenance	5,000	5,000	5,598
Equipment maintenance	2,000	2,000	1,627
Outsourced building maintenance	244,675	244,675	283,395
Office equipment maintenance	525	525	546
Total maintenance	252,200	252,200	291,166
Other charges			
Travel, training, and dues	4,700	4,700	2,903
Interest expense	30	30	-
Uniforms and safety items	3,720	3,820	3,324
Total other charges	8,450	8,550	6,227
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$ 808,500	\$ 808,500	\$ 870,312

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS VEHICLE MAINTENANCE FUND

		Original Budget				Actual
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for services						
Maintenance billings	\$	887,000	\$	887,000	\$ 743,488	
Fire district fuel		60,000		60,000	34,771	
Fuel billings		290,000		290,000	178,302	
Fleet maintenance		110,000		110,000	58,148	
Miscellaneous		-		-	283	
Total operating revenues		1,347,000		1,347,000	1,014,992	
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel		373,500		373,500	340,396	
Contractual services		27,500		27,500	15,744	
Supplies and materials		754,950		751,150	486,887	
Maintenance		129,550		129,550	153,592	
Capital outlay		46,000		46,000	42,472	
Other charges		15,500		19,300	14,125	
Total operating expenses		1,347,000		1,347,000	1,053,216	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (BUDGETARY BASIS)	\$	-	\$	-	 (38,224)	
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP BASIS						
Capitalized assets					(42,472)	
Depreciation					16,047	
Total adjustments to GAAP basis					(26,425)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (GAAP BASIS)					(11,799)	
NET POSITION, MAY 1					 94,399	
NET POSITION, APRIL 30					\$ 82,600	

SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENSES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL VEHICLE MAINTENANCE FUND

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Personnel						
IMRF	\$	31,000	\$	31,000	\$	27,597
FICA	*	21,000	•	21,000	*	18,497
SUI		500		500		535
Health insurance		53,000		53,000		43,891
Salaries		258,000		258,000		248,171
Overtime		10,000		10,000		1,705
Total personnel		373,500		373,500		340,396
Contractual services						
Telephone		3,980		3,980		4,763
Natural gas		1,200		1,200		-
Professional services		10,100		10,100		7,801
Publications		8,300		8,300		1,500
Printing and advertising		390		390		310
Noncapital leases		330		330		-
Physical exams		200		200		105
Equipment rental		3,000		3,000		1,265
Total contractual services		27,500		27,500		15,744
Supplies and materials						
Office supplies		2,300		700		684
Postage		100		100		86
Tools, equipment, and supplies		15,700		13,500		14,493
Fuel		354,000		354,000		215,525
Oil, lubricants, and fluids		382,850		382,850		256,099
Total supplies and materials		754,950		751,150		486,887
Maintenance						
Vehicle maintenance		5,000		5,000		3,779
Equipment maintenance		5,500		5,500		1,112
Building maintenance		48,500		48,500		59,648
Outsourced vehicle and equipment maintenance		550		550		570
Office equipment maintenance		70,000		70,000		88,483
Total maintenance		129,550		129,550		153,592
Capital purchases		46,000		46,000		42,472
Other charges						
Travel, training, and dues		8,170		8,170		5,596
Interest expense		30		30		-
Uniforms and safety items		7,300		11,100		8,529
Total other charges		15,500		19,300		14,125
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$	1,347,000	\$	1,347,000	\$	1,053,216



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION BUDGET AND ACTUAL POLICE PENSION FUND

	0 1	ъ. т		
	 Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual
ADDITIONS				
Contributions				
Employer	\$ 1,837,000	\$ 1,837,000	\$	1,837,000
Employee	 429,000	429,000		423,716
Total contributions	2,266,000	2,266,000		2,260,716
Investment income				
Net appreciation in fair value				
of investments	-	-		1,635,000
Interest	 1,490,000	1,490,000		560,864
Total investment income	1,490,000	1,490,000		2,195,864
Less investment expense	 (80,000)	(80,000)		(93,997)
Net investment income	 1,410,000	1,410,000		2,101,867
Total additions	 3,676,000	3,676,000		4,362,583
DEDUCTIONS				
Pension benefits	1,085,000	1,085,000		971,371
Administrative expenses	39,000	39,000		40,032
Total deductions	1,124,000	1,124,000		1,011,403
Change in net position	\$ 2,552,000	\$ 2,552,000	:	3,351,180
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS				
May 1				22,296,005
April 30		:	\$	25,647,185

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DEVELOPER DEPOSITS FUND

	F	Balances May 1	Additions	De	eductions	Balances April 30		
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	250,283	\$ _	\$	250,283	\$ -		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	250,283	\$ -	\$	250,283	\$ -		
LIABILITIES								
Deposits	\$	250,283	\$ -	\$	250,283	\$ -		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	250,283	\$ -	\$	250,283	\$ -		



LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATION REFUNDING BOND SERIES OF 2013 WATER AND SEWER

April 30, 2017

Date of Issue December 3, 2013 Date of Maturity April 1, 2025 **Interest Rate** 3.00% to 3.25% October 1 and April 1 Interest Dates

Payable at **BNY Midwest Trust Company**

FUTURE PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal	O	ctober 1	Apri				
Year]	nterest	Principal	Interest	Total		
2018	\$	89,163	\$ 630,000	\$ 89,163	\$ 808,326		
2019		79,713	665,000	79,713	824,426		
2020		69,738	695,000	69,738	834,476		
2021		59,313	715,000	59,313	833,626		
2022		48,588	755,000	48,588	852,176		
2023		37,263	770,000	37,263	844,526		
2024		25,713	815,000	25,713	866,426		
2025		13,488	830,000	13,488	856,976		
	\$	422,979	\$ 5,875,000	\$ 422,979	\$ 6,720,958		

LONG-TERM DEBT REQUIREMENTS GENERAL OBLIGATION REFUNDING BOND SERIES OF 2014A DEBT SERVICE

April 30, 2017

Date of Issue January 21, 2014
Date of Maturity April 1, 2020
Interest Rate 2.0% to 2.5%

Interest Dates October 1 and April 1

Payable at BNY Midwest Trust Company

FUTURE PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal	O	ctober 1	Apri				
Year	<u> </u>	nterest	Principal]	nterest	_	Total
2018	\$	20,838	\$ 565,000	\$	20,838	\$	606,676
2019		15,188	600,000		15,188		630,376
2020		7,688	615,000		7,688		630,376
	\$	43,714	\$ 1,780,000	\$	43,714	\$	1,867,428

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Village of Algonquin, Illinois' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Village's overall financial health.

Contents	Page(s)
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Village's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	102-111
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Village's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	112-117
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Village's current levels of outstanding debt and the Village's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	118-122
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Village's financial activities take place.	123-124
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Village's financial report relates to the services the Village provides and the activities it performs.	125-127

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		2008		2009		2010		2011
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	185,504,246	\$	179,027,466	\$	176,607,596	\$	175,520,012
Restricted	-	5,615,510	-	6,281,547	•	7,376,272	•	7,503,441
Unrestricted		6,286,051		7,633,118		7,055,416		8,606,808
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	197,405,807	\$	192,942,131	\$	191,039,284	\$	191,630,261
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	74,099,851	\$	73,436,233	\$	63,883,643	\$	60,837,070
Restricted		804,588		406,000		920,000		817,000
Unrestricted	_	2,254,481		4,727,611		5,027,550		7,274,331
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$	77,158,920	\$	78,569,844	\$	69,831,193	\$	68,928,401
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	259,604,097	\$	252,463,699	\$	240,491,239	\$	236,357,082
Restricted		6,420,098		6,687,547		8,296,272		8,320,441
Unrestricted		8,540,532		12,360,729		12,082,966		15,881,139
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	274,564,727	\$	271,511,975	\$	260,870,477	\$	260,558,662

^{*}The Village implemented GASB Statement No. 68 for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2016.

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

	2012		2013		2014		2015		2016*		2017
									.=0.40.400.6		
\$	- , , , , , , , , ,	\$	181,677,850	\$	179,276,332	\$	181,340,289	\$	179,194,896	\$	181,389,998
	2,266,916		1,860,785		2,309,292		3,055,239		3,114,451		6,534,289
	15,271,626		17,932,292		21,967,034		24,222,228		8,095,190		2,549,697
\$	194,607,473	\$	201,470,927	\$	203,552,658	\$	208,617,756	\$	190,404,537	\$	190,473,984
											_
\$	57,848,186	\$	55,074,145	\$	54,136,285	\$	52,805,499	\$	49,930,507	\$	47,453,693
	1,523,000		872,688		866,338		830,426		806,625		808,325
	8,938,628		13,150,719		13,024,609		11,375,018		10,973,454		11,540,473
\$	68,309,814	\$	69,097,552	\$	68,027,232	\$	65,010,943	\$	61,710,586	\$	59,802,491
\$	234,917,117	\$	236,751,995	\$	233,412,617	\$	234,145,788	\$	229,125,403	\$	228,843,691
	3,789,916		2,733,473		3,175,630		3,885,665		3,921,076		7,342,614
	24,210,254		31,083,011		34,991,643		35,597,246		19,068,644		14,090,170
_	= -,=,= -		- 1,000,011		- 1,771,013		22,27,210		->,000,011		,0> 0,110
\$	262,917,287	\$	270,568,479	\$	271,579,890	\$	273,628,699	\$	252,115,123	\$	250,276,475
Ψ	202,717,207	Ψ	270,200,177	Ψ	271,577,070	Ψ	2,3,020,077	Ψ	232,113,123	Ψ	230,270,173

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Process Proc									
Second	Fiscal Year		2008		2009		2010		2011
Second mental activities Second mental activ	FYPENSES								
Second government									
Public safety		\$	4.378.364	\$	4.618.093	\$	4.511.797	\$	4.538.951
Public works 9,844,829 16,991,574 12,154,994 3,930,380 378,502 3408,053 395,572 344,884 378,502 408,053 395,572 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884 344,884		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	, ,	Ψ	
Interest 378,502									
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Water and sewer 7,600,797 8,708,844 16,311,087 8,578,470 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT EXPENSES \$ 29,100,428 \$ 38,412,808 \$ 41,298,052 \$ 30,479,392 PROGRAM REVENUES Governmental activities \$ 1,266,281 \$ 1,416,942 \$ 732,201 \$ 718,779 Public safety 715,082 745,832 1,223,423 977,767 Public works 78,279 42,130 21,704 14,989 Operating grants and contributions 1,156,090 1,017,003 971,168 1,191,828 Capital grants and contributions 1,487,548 3,807,774 1,579,772 368,995 Business-type activities 4,703,280 7,029,681 4,528,268 3,272,358 Business-type activities 5,602,144 5,624,824 5,201,422 5,450,665 Operating grants and contributions 465,381 959,913 3,701 54,112 Capital grants and contributions 465,381 959,913 5,201,422 5,450,665 Operating grants and contributions									
Total business-type activities expenses	Total governmental activities expenses		21,499,631		29,703,964		24,986,965		21,900,922
Total business-type activities expenses	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT EXPENSES \$ 29,100,428 \$ 38,412,808 \$ 41,298,052 \$ 30,479,392			7,600,797		8,708,844		16,311,087		8,578,470
PROGRAM REVENUES Say	Total business-type activities expenses		7,600,797		8,708,844		16,311,087		8,578,470
PROGRAM REVENUES Say	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT								
Charges for services		\$	29,100,428	\$	38,412,808	\$	41,298,052	\$	30,479,392
Charges for services	PROGRAM REVENUES								
Charges for services 1,266,281 \$ 1,416,942 \$ 732,201 \$ 718,779 Public safety 715,082 745,832 1,223,423 977,767 Public works 78,279 42,130 21,704 14,989 Operating grants and contributions 1,156,090 1,017,003 971,168 1,91,828 Capital grants and contributions 1,487,548 3,807,774 1,579,772 368,995 Total governmental activities program revenues 4,703,280 7,029,681 4,528,268 3,272,358 Business-type activities Charges for services 5,602,144 5,624,824 5,201,422 5,450,665 Operating grants and contributions 54,641 34,040 37,071 54,112 Capital grants and contributions 465,381 959,913 - - Total business-type activities 5,122,166 6,618,777 5,238,493 5,504,777 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT PROGRAM REVENUES \$ 10,825,446 \$ 13,648,458 \$ 9,766,761 \$ 8,777,135									
General government \$ 1,266,281 \$ 1,416,942 \$ 732,201 \$ 718,779 Public safety 715,082 745,832 1,223,423 977,677 Public works 78,279 42,130 21,704 14,989 Operating grants and contributions 1,156,090 1,017,003 971,168 1,191,828 Capital grants and contributions 1,487,548 3,807,774 1,579,772 368,995 Total governmental activities program revenues 4,703,280 7,029,681 4,528,268 3,272,358 Business-type activities Charges for services 4,703,280 7,029,681 4,528,268 3,272,358 Water/sewer 5,602,144 5,624,824 5,201,422 5,450,665 Operating grants and contributions 465,381 959,913 - - Total business-type activities 6,122,166 6,618,777 5,238,493 5,504,777 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT PROGRAM REVENUES \$10,825,446 \$13,648,458 9,766,761 \$8,777,135									
Public safety 715,082 745,832 1,223,423 977,767 Public works 78,279 42,130 21,704 14,989 Operating grants and contributions 1,156,090 1,017,003 971,168 1,191,828 Capital grants and contributions 1,487,548 3,807,774 1,579,772 368,995 Total governmental activities program revenues 4,703,280 7,029,681 4,528,268 3,272,358 Business-type activities Charges for services 4,703,280 5,624,824 5,201,422 5,450,665 Operating grants and contributions 54,641 34,040 37,071 54,112 Capital grants and contributions 465,381 959,913 - - Total business-type activities program revenues 6,122,166 6,618,777 5,238,493 5,504,777 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT PROGRAM REVENUES \$10,825,446 \$13,648,458 \$9,766,761 \$8,777,135 NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE Governmenta		\$	1.266.281	\$	1.416.942	\$	732.201	\$	718.779
Public works 78,279 42,130 21,704 14,989 Operating grants and contributions 1,156,090 1,017,003 971,168 1,191,828 Capital grants and contributions 1,487,548 3,807,774 1,579,772 368,995 Total governmental activities Program revenues 4,703,280 7,029,681 4,528,268 3,272,358 Business-type activities Charges for services 5,602,144 5,624,824 5,201,422 5,450,665 Operating grants and contributions 54,641 34,040 37,071 54,112 Capital grants and contributions 465,381 959,913 - - Total business-type activities program revenues 6,122,166 6,618,777 5,238,493 5,504,777 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT PROGRAM REVENUES \$ 10,825,446 \$ 13,648,458 \$ 9,766,761 \$ 8,777,135 NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE Governmental activities \$ (16,796,351) \$ (22,674,283) \$ (20,458,697) \$ (18,628,564)		*		•		•		•	,
Operating grants and contributions 1,156,090 1,017,003 971,168 1,191,828 3,807,774 1,191,828 1,579,772 368,995 Total governmental activities program revenues 4,703,280 7,029,681 4,528,268 3,272,358 Business-type activities Charges for services 4,703,280 5,602,144 5,624,824 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,450,665 5,464 34,040 37,071 54,112 5,412 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,412 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,412 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,412 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,412 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,412 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,412 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,412 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,412 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,412 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,412 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,412 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,412 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,412 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,412 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,412 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,412 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,412 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,412 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,412 5,201,422 5,450,665 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412 5,412	•								
Capital grants and contributions 1,487,548 3,807,774 1,579,772 368,995 Total governmental activities program revenues Business-type activities 4,703,280 7,029,681 4,528,268 3,272,358 Business-type activities 5,602,144 5,624,824 5,201,422 5,450,665 Operating grants and contributions 54,641 34,040 37,071 54,112 Capital grants and contributions 465,381 959,913 - - Total business-type activities program revenues 6,122,166 6,618,777 5,238,493 5,504,777 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT PROGRAM REVENUES \$10,825,446 \$13,648,458 \$9,766,761 \$8,777,135 NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE Governmental activities \$(16,796,351) \$(22,674,283) \$(20,458,697) \$(18,628,564) Business-type activities \$(1,478,631) \$(2,900,067) \$(11,072,594) \$(3,073,693) TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Operating grants and contributions								
Business-type activities Charges for services Water/sewer 5,602,144 5,624,824 5,201,422 5,450,665 Operating grants and contributions 54,641 34,040 37,071 54,112 Capital grants and contributions 465,381 959,913 - - Total business-type activities program revenues 6,122,166 6,618,777 5,238,493 5,504,777 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT PROGRAM REVENUES \$10,825,446 \$13,648,458 \$9,766,761 \$8,777,135 NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE \$ (16,796,351) \$ (22,674,283) \$ (20,458,697) \$ (18,628,564) Business-type activities \$ (1,478,631) (2,090,067) (11,072,594) (3,073,693) TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT \$ (1,478,631) (2,090,067) (11,072,594) (3,073,693)			1,487,548						
Business-type activities Charges for services Water/sewer 5,602,144 5,624,824 5,201,422 5,450,665 Operating grants and contributions 54,641 34,040 37,071 54,112 Capital grants and contributions 465,381 959,913 - - Total business-type activities program revenues 6,122,166 6,618,777 5,238,493 5,504,777 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT PROGRAM REVENUES \$10,825,446 \$13,648,458 \$9,766,761 \$8,777,135 NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE \$ (16,796,351) \$ (22,674,283) \$ (20,458,697) \$ (18,628,564) Business-type activities (1,478,631) (2,090,067) (11,072,594) (3,073,693) TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT \$ (14,78,631) (2,090,067) (11,072,594) (3,073,693)	Total governmental activities								
Charges for services Water/sewer 5,602,144 5,624,824 5,201,422 5,450,665 Operating grants and contributions 54,641 34,040 37,071 54,112 Capital grants and contributions 465,381 959,913 - - Total business-type activities program revenues 6,122,166 6,618,777 5,238,493 5,504,777 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT PROGRAM REVENUES \$ 10,825,446 \$ 13,648,458 \$ 9,766,761 \$ 8,777,135 NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE Governmental activities \$ (16,796,351) \$ (22,674,283) \$ (20,458,697) \$ (18,628,564) Business-type activities (1,478,631) (2,090,067) (11,072,594) (3,073,693) TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	_		4,703,280		7,029,681		4,528,268		3,272,358
Charges for services Water/sewer 5,602,144 5,624,824 5,201,422 5,450,665 Operating grants and contributions 54,641 34,040 37,071 54,112 Capital grants and contributions 465,381 959,913 - - Total business-type activities program revenues 6,122,166 6,618,777 5,238,493 5,504,777 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT PROGRAM REVENUES \$ 10,825,446 \$ 13,648,458 \$ 9,766,761 \$ 8,777,135 NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE Governmental activities \$ (16,796,351) \$ (22,674,283) \$ (20,458,697) \$ (18,628,564) Business-type activities (1,478,631) (2,090,067) (11,072,594) (3,073,693) TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Business-type activities								
Operating grants and contributions 54,641 34,040 37,071 54,112 Capital grants and contributions 465,381 959,913 - - Total business-type activities program revenues 6,122,166 6,618,777 5,238,493 5,504,777 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT PROGRAM REVENUES \$ 10,825,446 \$ 13,648,458 \$ 9,766,761 \$ 8,777,135 NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE Governmental activities \$ (16,796,351) \$ (22,674,283) \$ (20,458,697) \$ (18,628,564) Business-type activities (1,478,631) (2,090,067) (11,072,594) (3,073,693) TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT									
Capital grants and contributions 465,381 959,913 - - Total business-type activities program revenues 6,122,166 6,618,777 5,238,493 5,504,777 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT PROGRAM REVENUES \$ 10,825,446 \$ 13,648,458 \$ 9,766,761 \$ 8,777,135 NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE \$ (16,796,351) \$ (22,674,283) \$ (20,458,697) \$ (18,628,564) Business-type activities \$ (1,478,631) (2,090,067) (11,072,594) (3,073,693) TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Water/sewer		5,602,144		5,624,824		5,201,422		5,450,665
Total business-type activities program revenues 6,122,166 6,618,777 5,238,493 5,504,777 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT PROGRAM REVENUES \$ 10,825,446 \$ 13,648,458 \$ 9,766,761 \$ 8,777,135 NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE Governmental activities \$ (16,796,351) \$ (22,674,283) \$ (20,458,697) \$ (18,628,564) Business-type activities \$ (1,478,631) \$ (2,090,067) \$ (11,072,594) \$ (3,073,693)	Operating grants and contributions		54,641		34,040		37,071		54,112
program revenues 6,122,166 6,618,777 5,238,493 5,504,777 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT PROGRAM REVENUES \$ 10,825,446 \$ 13,648,458 \$ 9,766,761 \$ 8,777,135 NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE Governmental activities \$ (16,796,351) \$ (22,674,283) \$ (20,458,697) \$ (18,628,564) Business-type activities (1,478,631) (2,090,067) (11,072,594) (3,073,693) TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Capital grants and contributions		465,381		959,913		-		
program revenues 6,122,166 6,618,777 5,238,493 5,504,777 TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT PROGRAM REVENUES \$ 10,825,446 \$ 13,648,458 \$ 9,766,761 \$ 8,777,135 NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE Governmental activities \$ (16,796,351) \$ (22,674,283) \$ (20,458,697) \$ (18,628,564) Business-type activities (1,478,631) (2,090,067) (11,072,594) (3,073,693) TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Total business-type activities								
PROGRAM REVENUES \$ 10,825,446 \$ 13,648,458 \$ 9,766,761 \$ 8,777,135 NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE \$ (16,796,351) \$ (22,674,283) \$ (20,458,697) \$ (18,628,564) Business-type activities \$ (1,478,631) \$ (2,090,067) \$ (11,072,594) \$ (3,073,693) TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	program revenues		6,122,166		6,618,777		5,238,493		5,504,777
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE Governmental activities \$ (16,796,351) \$ (22,674,283) \$ (20,458,697) \$ (18,628,564) Business-type activities (1,478,631) (2,090,067) (11,072,594) (3,073,693) TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT								
Governmental activities \$ (16,796,351) \$ (22,674,283) \$ (20,458,697) \$ (18,628,564) Business-type activities \$ (1,478,631) \$ (2,090,067) \$ (11,072,594) \$ (3,073,693) TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	PROGRAM REVENUES	\$	10,825,446	\$	13,648,458	\$	9,766,761	\$	8,777,135
Business-type activities (1,478,631) (2,090,067) (11,072,594) (3,073,693) TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE								
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Governmental activities	\$	(16,796,351)	\$	(22,674,283)	\$	(20,458,697)	\$	(18,628,564)
	Business-type activities		(1,478,631)		(2,090,067)		(11,072,594)		(3,073,693)
	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT								
		\$	(18,274,982)	\$	(24,764,350)	\$	(31,531,291)	\$	(21,702,257)

 2012	2013	2014	2015	2016*	2017
\$ 4,742,261	\$ 4,682,238	\$ 4,538,905	\$ 5,218,534	\$ 5,526,982	\$ 4,950,693
8,267,862	8,668,334	8,842,616	9,089,370	9,516,306	9,649,552
8,872,523	8,059,774	10,521,914	11,339,697	10,339,204	12,779,514
 345,353	190,092	160,780	93,117	58,580	46,848
 22,227,999	21,600,438	24,064,215	25,740,718	25,441,072	27,426,607
0.551.752	0.720.050	0 407 200	0.500.200	0.514.002	0.066.657
 8,551,752	8,738,058	8,487,380	9,580,289	9,514,803	9,066,657
 8,551,752	8,738,058	 8,487,380	9,580,289	 9,514,803	9,066,657
\$ 30,779,751	\$ 30,338,496	\$ 32,551,595	\$ 35,321,007	\$ 34,955,875	\$ 36,493,264
\$ 883,440	\$ 1,470,286	\$ 886,332	\$ 821,200	\$ 1,282,209	\$ 1,058,488
1,003,544	1,022,031	1,062,432	932,375	498,868	409,390
26,448	52,023	27,637	7,157	-	18,103
1,278,892	1,288,203	1,218,237	1,942,714	1,218,006	1,144,420
 1,783,794	4,130,903	1,616,727	3,851,095	425,781	394,426
 4,976,118	7,963,446	4,811,365	7,554,541	3,424,864	3,024,827
5,596,381	7,858,350	6,073,440	6,079,733	6,909,153	7,032,664
112,067	-	687,145	2,681	-	-
 -	-	-	390,177	-	
 5,708,448	7,858,350	6,760,585	6,472,591	6,909,153	7,032,664
\$ 10,684,566	\$ 15,821,796	\$ 11,571,950	\$ 14,027,132	\$ 10,334,017	\$ 10,057,491
\$ (17,251,881)	\$ (13,636,992)	\$ (19,252,850)	\$ (18,186,177)	\$ (22,016,208)	\$ (24,401,780)
 (2,843,304)	(879,708)	(1,726,795)	(3,107,698)	(2,605,650)	(2,033,993)
\$ (20,095,185)	\$ (14,516,700)	\$ (20,979,645)	\$ (21,293,875)	\$ (24,621,858)	\$ (26,435,773)

CHANGE IN NET POSITION (Continued)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		2008	2009	2010	2011
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION					
Governmental activities					
Taxes					
Property	\$	5,168,603	\$ 5,583,456	\$ 5,939,181	\$ 5,960,733
Home rule sales tax		-	-	-	-
Utility		1,023,062	1,014,164	947,168	1,015,552
Other		899,998	887,618	866,264	1,189,334
Intergovernmental - unrestricted					
Sales and use tax		6,510,307	6,848,007	7,550,234	8,030,266
Income tax		3,426,760	3,067,163	2,676,478	2,817,443
Franchise fees		-	-	-	-
Investment income		601,941	342,425	215,056	192,446
Miscellaneous		415,459	467,774	361,469	13,767
Total governmental activities		18,046,130	18,210,607	18,555,850	19,219,541
Business-type activities					
Sales		3,567,652	3,112,492	2,282,512	2,140,901
Investment income		230,995	79,999	51,431	30,000
Miscellaneous		258,212	308,500	-	-
Total business-type activities		4,056,859	3,500,991	2,333,943	2,170,901
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	22,102,989	\$ 21,711,598	\$ 20,889,793	\$ 21,390,442
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					
Governmental activities	\$	1,249,779	\$ (4,463,676)	\$ (1,902,847)	\$ 590,977
Business-type activities	_	2,578,228	 1,410,924	 (8,738,651)	 (902,792)
-					
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	3,828,007	\$ (3,052,752)	\$ (10,641,498)	\$ (311,815)

^{*}Beginning in fiscal year 2016, home rule sales tax and franchise fees are presented separately from sales and use tax and other taxes, respectively.

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016*	2017
\$	6,000,829 \$	5,904,067 \$	5,874,845 \$	5,844,048 \$	5,937,891 \$	6,266,415
	- 062 624	-	- 000 261	- 051 722	4,120,849	4,227,205
	963,634 1,438,886	999,135 1,220,371	998,361 1,150,583	951,723 1,219,631	899,377 869,147	923,668 870,321
	1,430,000	1,220,371	1,130,363	1,219,031	009,147	870,321
	8,630,053	9,023,020	10,129,119	11,459,955	7,635,490	7,704,133
	3,003,337	3,294,417	3,393,115	3,699,105	3,899,246	3,645,402
	-	-	-	-	546,474	547,683
	177,276	74,537	(219,130)	69,180	111,774	139,744
	15,078	17,146	7,688	7,633	293,938	146,656
	20,229,093	20,532,693	21,334,581	23,251,275	24,314,186	24,471,227
	2,189,131	1,665,803	742,925			
	35,586	45,222	(205,050)	72,105	24,551	55,540
	-	-	118,600	19,304	80,427	70,358
			110,000	17,501	00,.27	, 0,500
	2,224,717	1,711,025	656,475	91,409	104,978	125,898
\$	22,453,810 \$	22,243,718 \$	21,991,056 \$	23,342,684 \$	24,419,164 \$	24,597,125
\$	2,977,212 \$	6,895,701 \$	2,081,731 \$	5,065,098 \$	2,297,978 \$	69,447
*	(618,587)	831,317	(1,070,320)	(3,016,289)	(2,500,672)	(1,908,095)
	, , ,	,				
\$	2,358,625 \$	7,727,018 \$	1,011,411 \$	2,048,809 \$	(202,694) \$	(1,838,648)

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2008	2009	2010	2011
GENERAL FUND				
Reserved	\$ 128,273	\$ 91,051	\$ 820,482	\$ 1,087,729
Unreserved - designated	370,413	723,366	630,847	631,745
Unreserved - undesignated	7,240,821	7,537,908	8,031,591	8,981,623
Nonspendable	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Restricted	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Committed	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Assigned	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unassigned	 N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	\$ 7,739,507	\$ 8,352,325	\$ 9,482,920	\$ 10,701,097
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS				
Reserved	\$ 5,580,401	\$ 6,191,767	\$ 6,633,759	\$ 6,506,815
Unreserved, reported in				
Special Revenue Fund	2,347,141	3,088,941	2,363,027	3,001,419
Capital Projects Fund	80,778	127,264	129,144	130,320
Debt Service Fund	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Restricted	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Committed	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Assigned	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unassigned	 N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
TOTAL ALL OTHER				
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 8,008,320	\$ 9,407,972	\$ 9,125,930	\$ 9,638,554
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ 15,747,827	\$ 17,760,297	\$ 18,608,850	\$ 20,339,651

Note: The Village implemented GASB Statement No. 54 for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2012.

N/A - Not applicable

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
 2012	2013	2017	2013	2010	2017
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
\$ 104,327	\$ 128,636	\$ 87,013	\$ 86,209	\$ 706,122	\$ 735,904
-	-	-	578,255	395,843	1,440,207
-	-	-	-	-	271,471
12 227 225	14.576.210	14.052.504	15 176 701	16 460 905	14551270
 13,237,235	14,576,319	14,953,584	15,176,721	16,469,895	14,551,378
\$ 13,341,562	\$ 14,704,955	\$ 15,040,597	\$ 15,841,185	\$ 17,571,860	\$ 16,998,960
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
\$ 225	\$ 235	\$ 167	\$ 166	\$ 135	\$ 169
2,266,916	1,860,785	2,309,292	2,476,984	3,114,451	4,475,414
-	-	_	-	-	-
5,247,710	6,098,107	7,180,275	8,236,873	12,921,405	10,291,077
 (94,471)	-	-	(279,467)	(834,949)	(1,672,058)
\$ 7,420,380	\$ 7,959,127	\$ 9,489,734	\$ 10,434,556	\$ 15,201,042	\$ 13,094,602
\$ 20,761,942	\$ 22,664,082	\$ 24,530,331	\$ 26,275,741	\$ 32,772,902	\$ 30,093,562

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2008	2009	2010	2011
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 17,517,779	\$ 17,616,380	\$ 18,408,483	\$ 19,016,084
Licenses and permits	716,764	934,656	339,520	358,788
Intergovernmental, grants, and contributions	1,328,505	1,591,706	1,696,032	1,277,185
Charges for services	696,065	520,417	463,882	301,319
Fines and forfeits	615,449	694,899	1,132,348	907,896
Investment income (loss)	601,942	342,425	215,055	192,446
Miscellaneous	 74,794	128,001	55,366	58,564
Total revenues	 21,551,298	21,828,484	22,310,686	22,112,282
EXPENDITURES				
General government	4,018,830	4,159,903	4,030,535	4,109,045
Public safety	6,784,724	7,516,079	7,730,736	7,980,376
Public works	6,609,056	5,101,332	6,098,858	6,064,344
Capital outlay	2,516,044	2,305,322	2,874,139	1,512,055
Debt service				
Principal	597,355	451,600	465,000	500,000
Interest	 307,192	281,778	262,865	187,454
Total expenditures	 20,833,201	19,816,014	21,462,133	20,353,274
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	 718,097	2,012,470	848,553	1,759,008
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	1,050,798	669,376	678,098	852,355
Transfers (out)	(1,085,798)	(669,376)	(678,098)	(852,355)
Proceeds from capital lease	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from bonds/issuance of refunding bonds	-	-	-	-
Premium on general obligation bonds	-	-	-	-
Transfer to refunded bond escrow	 -	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (35,000)		_	_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ 683,097	\$ 2,012,470	\$ 848,553	\$ 1,759,008
DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE				
OF NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES	 4.94%	4.19%	3.92%	3.65%

^{*}Beginning in fiscal year 2016, state sales tax, use tax, and income tax are reported as intergovernmental revenue.

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

					_
 2012	2013	2014	2015	2016*	2017
\$ 19,922,146	\$ 20,385,852	\$ 21,452,273	\$ 23,141,444	\$ 11,770,767	\$ 12,287,609
397,652	705,734	407,800	589,957	823,414	612,193
1,553,508	2,378,726	1,438,538	2,436,940	12,809,274	12,876,044
338,722	340,063	333,652	343,116	778,570	368,237
864,061	798,921	749,287	687,897	551,438	459,464
177,277	74,537	(219,130)	69,180	119,847	206,719
 135,304	128,322	263,402	218,533	885,770	685,788
 23,388,670	24,812,155	24,425,822	27,487,067	27,739,080	27,496,054
4,138,167	4,343,983	4,279,256	4,531,249	4,740,911	5,263,774
8,328,490	8,570,284	8,787,750	9,114,836	8,864,640	9,285,421
5,685,056	7,485,932	7,066,611	8,060,229	6,207,114	10,521,050
1,217,825	1,754,682	2,054,583	2,957,881	2,084,527	3,858,214
3,420,695	590,000	634,615	689,757	565,825	571,951
176,146	165,134	153,287	89,505	68,040	56,316
22,966,379	22,910,015	22,976,102	25,443,457	22,531,057	29,556,726
422,291	1,902,140	1,449,720	2,043,610	5,208,023	(2,060,672)
052.255	052.255	050.000	506145	500.020	1 000 001
852,355	852,355	850,000	596,147	599,829	1,909,801
(852,355)	(852,355)	(850,000)	(596,147)	(599,829)	(1,909,801)
-	-	106,265	-	-	-
-	-	2,885,000	-	-	-
-	-	119,392 (2,992,328)	-	-	-
 		(2,772,320)			
 -	-	118,329		-	
\$ 422,291	\$ 1,902,140	\$ 1,568,049	\$ 2,043,610	\$ 5,208,023	\$ (2,060,672)
 16.54%	3.57%	3.77%	3.47%	3.04%	2.70%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

Last Ten Levy Years

Levy	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other	Total Taxable Assessed	Total Direct Tax	Estimated Actual Taxable	Estimated Actual Taxable	Commercia Number of	al or Industrial	Resid Number of	lential
Year	Property	Property	Property	Property	Value	Rate	Value	Value	Permits	Value (1)	Permits	Value (1)
2007	\$ 919,421,895	\$ 179,848,425	\$ 14,279,170	\$ 2,341,302	\$ 1,115,890,792	\$ 0.4701	\$ 3,347,672,376	33.333%	10	., .,	22 \$, ,
2008	945,636,052	192,038,216	15,042,082	2,357,036	1,155,073,386	0.4849	3,465,220,158	33.333%	10	23,298,000	15	5,344,348
2009	936,696,159	204,128,666	14,380,217	2,386,354	1,157,591,396	0.4839	3,472,774,188	33.333%	3	1,771,968	3	1,125,170
2010	860,584,473	199,171,411	15,301,720	2,563,069	1,077,620,673	0.5233	3,232,862,019	33.333%	2	2,316,784	2	1,244,433
2011	777,644,853	186,100,950	14,937,997	2,596,949	981,280,749	0.5642	2,943,842,247	33.333%	1	5,136,364	0	-
2012	701,596,262	170,572,789	12,346,224	2,685,421	887,200,696	0.6208	2,661,602,088	33.333%	0	-	11	21,107,592
2013	638,297,331	153,327,229	10,791,813	2,595,085	805,011,458	0.6775	2,415,034,374	33.333%	5	1,582,118	4	1,355,749
2014	614,951,665	150,078,586	10,302,225	2,478,946	777,811,422	0.7047	2,333,434,266	33.333%	2	6,917,760	18	6,917,018
2015	632,117,357	155,044,307	10,869,811	2,539,920	800,571,395	0.7159	2,401,714,185	33.333%	5	23,264,060	24	8,535,989
2016	677,131,371	161,982,750	10,764,196	2,487,423	852,365,740	0.6570	2,557,097,220	33.333%	2	842,887	34	12,381,885

Note: Property is assessed at 33 1/3% of actual value; property tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation

Property is assessed on the following basis: McHenry Township - Annual; Dundee Township - Quadrennial (minimum)

Grafton Township - Quadrennial (minimum)

Value (1) - The estimated construction cost is provided by the permit applicant

Data Sources

Assessed Value, Tax Rate, Taxable Value: Office of the County Clerks and Township Assessors

Permits and Construction Value: Village of Algonquin Records

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

Last Ten Levy Years

Levy Year	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
DIRECT TAX RATES										
	0.4701	0.4940	0.4839	0.5233	0.5642	0.6208	0.6775	0.7047	0.7159	0.6570
General Corporate	0.4701	0.4849	0.4839	0.3233	0.5642	0.0208	0.0773	0.7047	0.7139	0.6570
Total direct rates	0.4701	0.4849	0.4839	0.5233	0.5642	0.6208	0.6775	0.7047	0.7159	0.6570
OVERLAPPING TAX RATES										
Fire District(s)	2.1066	2.1304	2.1466	2.3469	2.4758	3.5099	3.8524	4.0108	3.9311	3.8735
Kane County	0.3322	0.3336	0.3398	0.3730	0.3990	0.4336	0.4623	0.4684	0.4479	0.4201
Kane County Forest Preserve	0.1974	0.1932	0.1997	0.2201	0.2609	0.2710	0.3039	0.3126	0.2944	0.2253
McHenry County	0.6871	0.7014	0.7157	0.7927	0.8879	0.9958	1.0960	1.1412	1.0781	1.0539
McHenry County Conservation	0.1738	0.1732	0.1775	0.1956	0.2191	0.2481	0.2748	0.2840	0.2766	0.2588
Park districts (3)	0.6862	0.6580	0.6959	0.8241	0.8665	0.7645	1.0765	1.1276	1.0618	0.8914
Public libraries (4)	0.8456	0.8438	0.8693	0.9916	1.0266	1.1517	1.2313	1.3632	1.3227	1.2601
Road and bridge (4)	0.2210	0.2237	0.2283	0.2552	0.2794	0.3942	0.4387	0.4548	0.4374	0.3999
Schools (4)	8.5327	8.4892	8.7353	9.9611	10.4509	12.0424	13.1491	14.0008	13.4877	12.5931
Townships (4)	0.2527	0.2522	0.2620	0.2984	0.3230	0.4165	0.4316	0.4468	0.4283	0.3792
Algonquin SSA #1		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.6066	23.0860
Total overlapping rates	14.0353	13.9987	14.3701	16.2587	17.1891	20.2277	22.3166	23.6102	28.3726	44.4413
TOTAL TAX RATES	14.5054	14.4836	14.8540	16.7820	17.7533	20.8485	22.9941	24.3149	29.0885	45.0983

Property tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation

Data Source

Office of the County Clerk

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2017		2008				
Taxpayer	2016 Taxable Equalized Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Village Taxable Assessed Valuation	2007 Taxable Equalized Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Village Equalized Assessed Valuation		
In Retail Fund Algonquin Commons LLC	\$ 22,503,690	1	2.64%	\$ 31,805,337	1	2.75%		
Marquette EJP Algonquin LLC	8,273,410	2	0.97%			0.00%		
Rubloff Oakridge Algonquin LLC	7,097,957	3	0.83%	9,412,240	2	0.81%		
Oakridge Court LLC	4,731,385	4	0.56%			0.00%		
Algonquin Galleria of Illinois LLC	4,061,791	5	0.48%			0.00%		
Meijer Stores LTD Partnership	4,022,424	6	0.47%	3,976,726	6	0.34%		
Wal-Mart Stores Inc.	3,853,395	7	0.45%	4,504,060	4	0.39%		
Target Corporation	3,675,389	8	0.43%	4,835,791	3	0.42%		
LTF USA Real Estate Co Inc.	3,496,729	9	0.41%	4,086,415	5	0.35%		
RPA Shopping Center Ph. 1 LLC	2,725,124	10	0.32%	3,246,540	9	0.28%		
HD Development of MD Inc.				3,651,457	7	0.32%		
Jewel Food Stores, Inc.				3,602,690	8	0.31%		
Nickels Quarters LLC				3,066,196	10	0.27%		
TOTAL	\$ 64,441,294		7.56%	\$ 72,187,452		6.24%		

Note: Every effort has been made to seek out and report the largest taxpayers. However, many of the taxpayers contain multiple parcels, and it is possible that some parcels and their valuations have been overlooked.

Data Source

Office of the County Clerk

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Levy Years

Total Collections within the

			Levy	Year						
Levy				Perce	ntage	Collections in	To	otal Collections	Total Co	ollections
 Year]	Γax Levy	Amount	of Lo	evy*	Subsequent Years		To Date	То Г)ate*
2007	\$	5,242,000	\$ 5,241,867	1	00.00%	443	\$	5,242,310		100.01%
2008		5,601,000	5,589,578		99.80%	184		5,589,762		99.80%
2009		5,601,000	5,596,725		99.92%	1,294		5,598,019		99.95%
2010		5,601,000	5,622,139	1	00.38%	1,254		5,623,393		100.40%
2011		5,575,000	5,522,438		99.06%	162		5,522,600		99.06%
2012		5,481,000	5,490,574	1	00.17%	-		5,490,574		100.17%
2013		5,481,000	5,451,343		99.46%	103		5,451,446		99.46%
2014		5,481,000	5,468,573		99.77%	817		5,469,390		99.79%
2015		5,893,475	5,870,423		99.61%	-		5,870,423		99.61%
2016		5,991,475	N/A	N/	A	N/A		N/A	N	/A

N/A - Information not available

Note: Property is assessed at 33 1/3% of actual value.

Property is assessed on the following basis: McHenry Township - Annual;

Dundee Township - Quadrennial (minimum); Grafton Township - Quadrennial (minimum)

Data Source

Office of the County Treasurer

^{*}Collection rates exceeding 100% are attributed to the differences due to timing Village's Tax Levy and the County's corresponding Final Tax Extension. This can occur when a county relies on estimated equalized assessed valuation (EAV) due to changes made to the EAV upon review of the state equalization board.

SALES TAX BY CATEGORY

Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
General merchandise	\$ 1,181,247	\$ 1,128,164	\$ 1,196,336	\$ 1,328,129	\$ 1,253,051	\$ 1,366,558	\$ 1,365,588	\$ 2,094,389	\$ 2,120,466	\$ 2,063,688
Food	792,506	903,485	987,441	957,066	989,997	975,961	989,451	1,072,713	1,069,547	946,826
Drinking and eating places	632,570	622,420	634,989	592,419	667,728	717,117	732,747	754,333	776,846	832,807
Apparel	575,270	509,925	455,968	519,440	685,012	588,495	593,205	607,179	586,989	644,790
Furniture and H.H. and radio	727,475	639,712	528,320	510,346	491,866	523,162	549,625	590,672	628,199	760,486
Lumber, building hardware	341,289	356,094	312,403	303,779	304,682	301,486	346,042	356,151	368,429	330,374
Automobile and filling stations	1,159,194	1,173,824	1,051,475	1,070,284	1,223,019	1,254,027	1,258,100	557,652	511,290	605,334
Drugs and miscellaneous retail	870,839	866,106	1,047,092	1,038,679	1,065,226	1,036,697	1,081,094	1,150,529	998,903	1,152,036
Agriculture and all others	192,069	180,022	125,987	110,353	103,667	94,845	106,527	129,176	333,903	156,600
Manufacturers	126,597	109,840	103,914	83,071	117,709	75,772	81,124	103,111	157,401	151,712
TOTAL	\$ 6,599,056	\$ 6,504,822	\$ 6,455,352	\$ 6,525,655	\$ 6,948,585	\$ 6,991,371	\$ 7,144,335	\$ 7,453,273	\$ 7,580,028	\$ 7,667,131
Total number of payers Village direct sales tax rate Village home rule sales tax rate	989 1.00% 0.75%	825 1.00% 0.75%	801 1.00% 0.75%	766 1.00% 0.75%	1.00%		794 1.00% 0.75%	810 1.00% 0.75%	815 1.00% 0.75%	848 1.00% 0.75%

Data Source

Illinois Department of Revenue

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Village Direct Rate	Village State Rate
2008	1.75%	5.50%
2009	1.75%	6.00%
2010	1.75%	6.00%
2011	1.75%	6.00%
2012	1.75%	6.00%
2013	1.75%	6.00%
2014	1.75%	6.00%
2015	1.75%	6.00%
2016	1.75%	6.00%
2017	1.75%	6.00%

Data Sources

Village and County Records

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities			_		Ratio of Total		Total	
Fiscal	General		General			_		Total	Outstanding Debt to Equalized		Outstanding Debt Per	
Year	Obligation	Capital		Obligation	Revenue		Primary					
Ended	Bonds	Leases		Bonds		Bonds		Sovernment	Assessed Valuation		Capita	
2008	\$ 9,016,888	\$ 11,600	\$	10,385,000	\$	225,000	\$	19,638,488	2.07%	\$	644.27	
2009	8,700,204	-		10,170,000		-		18,870,204	1.82%		619.06	
2010	8,365,044	_		9,685,000		-		18,050,044	1.62%		592.15	
2011	8,081,752	-		9,220,000		-		17,301,752	1.50%		575.84	
2012	4,791,375	-		8,751,165		-		13,542,540	1.17%		450.73	
2013	4,199,853	-		8,233,893		-		12,433,746	1.15%		413.82	
2014	3,665,621	91,650		7,943,788		-		11,701,059	1.19%		389.44	
2015	2,970,191	71,893		7,348,715		-		10,390,799	1.17%		345.83	
2016	2,405,830	51,068		6,733,642		-		9,190,540	1.14%		305.88	
2017	1,836,469	29,117		6,098,569		-		7,964,155	1.02%		265.07	

N/A - Information not available.

Note: Details of the Village's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Less Amounts Available In Debt Service Fund	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property*	Per Capita
2008	\$ 19,401,888	\$ 3,449,882	\$ 15,952,006	1.43% \$	523.33
2009	18,870,204	3,460,655	15,409,549	1.33%	505.53
2010	18,050,044	3,473,130	14,576,914	1.26%	478.21
2011	17,301,752	3,550,824	13,750,928	1.28%	457.66
2012	13,542,540	885,085	12,657,455	1.29%	421.27
2013	12,433,746	675,164	11,758,582	1.33%	391.35
2014	11,609,409	767,180	10,842,229	1.35%	360.85
2015	10,318,906	-	10,318,906	1.33%	323.07
2016	9,139,472	-	9,139,472	1.14%	304.18
2017	7,935,038	-	7,935,038	0.93%	264.10

Note: Details of the Village's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

N/A - not available

^{*}See Schedule of Assessed Value and estimated Actual Value of Taxable property value data

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

April 30, 2017

Governmental Unit		Gross Debt	Percentage Debt Applicable to the Village*	Village's Share of Debt
Kane County	\$	88,220,000	1.81%	\$ 1,596,782
McHenry County Conservation District		104,580,000	8.20%	8,575,560
Kane County Forest Preserve		122,205,000	1.81%	2,211,911
Dundee Township Park District		19,014,755	14.96%	2,844,607
Huntley Park District		4,225,000	9.19%	388,278
Dundee Township		1,765,000	15.04%	265,456
Algonquin Library		3,345,000	80.48%	2,692,056
Schools				-
District No. 300		268,404,550	31.66%	84,976,881
District No. 158		84,027,672	9.68%	8,133,879
District No. 509		177,623,253	8.84%	 15,701,896
Subtotal overlapping debt		873,410,230		127,387,306
Village of Algonquin direct debt		1,865,586	100.00%	 1,865,586
	\$	875,275,816		\$ 129,252,892

^{*} Determined by ratio of assessed valuation of property subject to taxation in the Village to valuation of property subject to taxation in overlapping unit.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the Village. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the Village. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and, therefore, responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

April 30, 2017

The Village is a home rule municipality.

Chapter 65, Section 5/8-5-1 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes governs computation of the legal debt margin.

"The General Assembly may limit by law the amount and require referendum approval of debt to be incurred by home rule municipalities, payable from ad valorem property tax receipts, only in excess of the following percentages of the assessed value of its taxable property....(2) if its population is more than 25,000 and less than 500,000 in aggregate of one per cent:....indebtedness which is outstanding on the effective date (July 1, 1971) of this constitution or which is thereafter approved by referendum...shall not be included in the foregoing percentage

To date the General Assembly has set no limits for home rule municipalities.

PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE WATER REVENUE BONDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Water Fiscal Charges		(Less Operating	Net Available		Debt So	ervic	ee		
Year	a	nd Other		Expenses	Revenue	P	Principal	I	nterest	C	overage
2008	\$	9,713,644	\$	4,219,823	\$ 5,493,821	\$	235,000	\$	17,246	\$	21.78
2009		9,286,350		4,645,700	4,640,650		225,000		8,550		19.87
2010		7,572,436		5,073,600	2,498,836		-		-		-
2011		7,675,678		4,632,384	3,043,294		-		-		-
2012		7,850,815		4,650,933	3,199,882		-		-		-
2013		9,569,375		4,892,015	4,677,360		-		-		-
2014		7,602,692		4,684,650	2,918,042		-		-		-
2015		6,564,000		5,897,172	666,828		-		-		-
2016		7,014,131		5,798,490	1,215,641		-		-		-
2017		7,158,562		5,236,555	1,922,007		-		-		-

Note: Details of the Village's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statements. Water Charges and Other include investment earnings but excludes sale of property and grants. Operating Expenses do not include debt service, depreciation, or reserve requirements.

Data Source

Audited financial statements

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population		Equalized Assessed Value (EAV)		Per Capita EAV	Unemployment Rate
2008	20.492	**	\$ 1.038.991.569	\$	24.005	5.10%
	30,482	**	·	Þ	34,085	
2009	30,482		1,115,890,792		36,608	8.60%
2010	30,046	*	1,155,073,386		38,443	8.60%
2011	30,046	**	1,157,591,396		38,527	8.00%
2012	30,046	**	1,077,620,673		35,866	8.60%
2013	30,046	**	981,280,749		32,659	8.10%
2014	30,046	**	887,200,696		29,528	5.20%
2015	30,046	**	805,011,458		26,793	4.90%
2016	30,046	**	777,811,422		25,887	5.47%
2017	30,046	**	800,571,395		26,645	N/A

^{*}Actual

N/A - information not available

Note: Personal income data not available

Data Sources

Illinois Department of Employment Security

^{**}Estimate

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2017		2008				
Employer	Rank	No. of Employees	Percent of Total Village Population	Rank	No. of Employees	Percent of Total Village Population		
School District Number 300	1	405	1.35%	1	404	1.34%		
Jewel Osco	2	305	1.02%	_	-	0.00%		
Meijer	3	255	0.85%	-	_	0.00%		
Walmart	4	245	0.82%	-	_	0.00%		
Target	5	185	0.62%	-	_	0.00%		
Kenmode Tool and Engineering, Inc.	6	150	0.50%	3	160	0.53%		
Village of Algonquin	7	145	0.48%	2	171	0.57%		
Home Depot	8	140	0.47%	_	-	0.00%		
Joe Caputo & Sons Fruit Market	9	132	0.44%	-	-	0.00%		
Kohls	10	105	0.35%	-	-	0.00%		
PEP Wauconda LLC (formerly Wauconda								
Tool and Engineering)	_	-	0.00%	4	135	0.45%		
Duro-Life Corp	-	-	0.00%	6	80	0.27%		
Target Manufacturing Inc.	-	-	0.00%	8	50	0.17%		
Algonquin State Bank	-	-	0.00%	8	50	0.17%		
Schiffmayer Plastics Corp.	-	-	0.00%	7	75	0.25%		
Meyer Material Co.	-	-	0.00%	5	100	0.33%		
Burnex Corp.	-	-	0.00%	9	30	0.10%		
Hanson Material Service Corp.	-	-	0.00%	9	30	0.10%		
SubCon Mfg. Corp.	-	-	0.00%	9	30	0.10%		
Marshall Wolf Automation, Inc	-	-	0.00%	10	25	0.08%		
RE/MAX Unlimited Northwest	-	-	0.00%	10	25	0.08%		
Universal Cleaning Services	-	-	0.00%	10	25	0.08%		

Data Source

2017 Illinois Manufacturers Directory, 2017 Illinois Services Directory, the Village and a selective telephone survey Spear Financial, March 30, 2017

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
GENERAL GOVERNMENT										
	10	22	20	10	10	20	10	10	10	10
Administration	18	22	20	19	19	20	19	19	18	19
Community development	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	11
PUBLIC SAFETY										
Police										
Officers	49	50	49	49	49	48	46	46	44	46
Civilians	9	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	8	9
PUBLIC WORKS										
Public works administration	7	8	7	6	6	6	6	4	4	4
Public works general services	29	33	33	30	29	30	29	25	26	25
Internal services	7	9	9	9	9	9	8	9	8	9
WATER										
Water and sewer	22	22	22	19	20	20	21	23	21	20
POOL	N/A	4	5	5	4	3	4	4	4	4
TOTAL	153	171	168	160	159	159	156	152	145	147
IOIAL	133	1/1	100	100	139	139	130	132	143	14/

Prior to FYE 2009 valuing pool employees full-time equivalence considered immaterial because most employees are part-time and all employees are seasonal for no more than three months. The Village changed the methodology for the valuation of full-time employees beginning with the April 30, 2009 financial statements due to a changing workforce. Employees in the building maintenance and vehicle maintenance were combined and reported in internal services beginning with the April 30, 2011 financial statement. Employees in the public works streets and park departments were combined and reported in public works general services with the April 30, 2016 financial statement.

Data Source

Village Finance Department

OPERATING INDICATORS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
GENERAL GOVERNMENT										
Community Development										
Building permits issued	1,893	3,366	2,092	1,854	2,170	2,354	2,467	4,107	3,122	3,050
Building inspections conducted	4,290	5,720	4,036	2,756	4,096	4,023	4,562	8,589	6,229	6,239
Property maintenance inspections conducted	2,452	3,810	3,483	3,552	4,330	4,605	3,982	4,292	4,737	4,105
PUBLIC SAFETY										
Police										
Physical arrests	703	939	777	660	724	555	511	488	520	640
Parking violations	1,243	992	711	1,375	1,271	1,302	1,287	1,040	839	879
Traffic violations	6,684	6,611	4,524	4,311	4,818	3,708	3,305	2,233	4,937	6,359
PUBLIC WORKS										
Streets										
Street resurfacing (miles)	1.22	0.95	2.50	2.77	1.76	2.00	4.90	5.10	-	4.80
Parks and Recreation										
Park sites	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
Developed park acreage	155	155	155	155	155	155	155	155	155	155
Open space	512	512	512	512	512	512	512	512	512	512
Water										
New Connections (tap-ons)	21	20	5	5	-	13	7	22	2	38
Average daily consumption*	2,946	3,000	2,760	2,590	2,679	2,864	2,682	2,725	2,478	2,401
Peak daily consumption*	4,428	4,200	4,671	3,924	3,382	5,151	4,253	3,231	4,097	3,200
Wastewater										
Average daily sewage treatment **	3.0	3.5	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.8	3.0	2.9	3.1	3.3

^{*}thousands of gallons

Data Sources

Various Village departments

^{**}millions of gallons

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
PUBLIC SAFETY										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Geographic patrol areas	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
PUBLIC WORKS										
Street										
Streets (miles)	249	249	249	286	286	267	256	256	256	130
Streetlights	228	228	228	228	228	189	189	211	211	319
Parks and Recreation										
Acreage	647	667	667	667	667	667	667	667	667	667
Playgrounds	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Sites with baseball diamonds	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Sites with soccer fields	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Sites with basketball courts	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Sites with tennis courts	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Water										
Water mains (miles)	168	159	159	170	165	165	165	168	168	168
Fire hydrants	2,207	2,049	2,153	2,176	2,208	2,213	2,213	2,214	2,224	2,276
Storage capacity *	3.390	3.390	3.390	3.390	3.390	3.390	3.390	3.390	3.390	3.390
Wastewater										
Sanitary sewers (miles)	135	134	136	140	138	135	137	144	145	144
Treatment capacity *	2.828	5.000	5.000	5.000	5.000	5.000	5.000	5.000	5.000	5.000

^{*}thousands of gallons

Data Source

Various Village departments